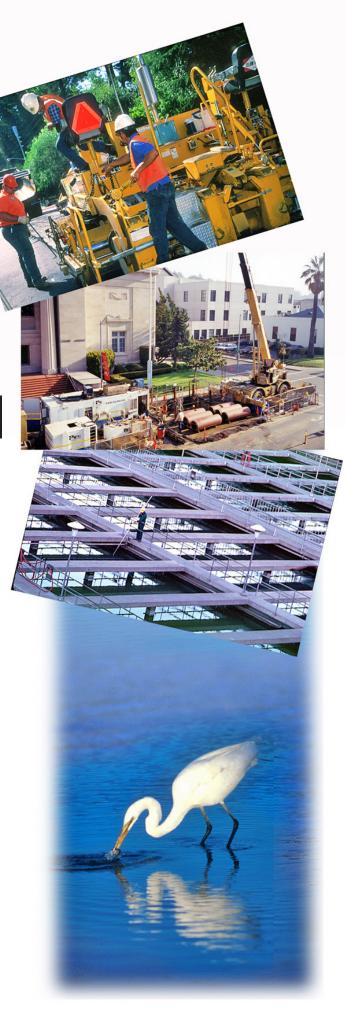


Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2008





CENTRAL CONTRA COSTA SANITARY DISTRICT MARTINEZ, CALIFORNIA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

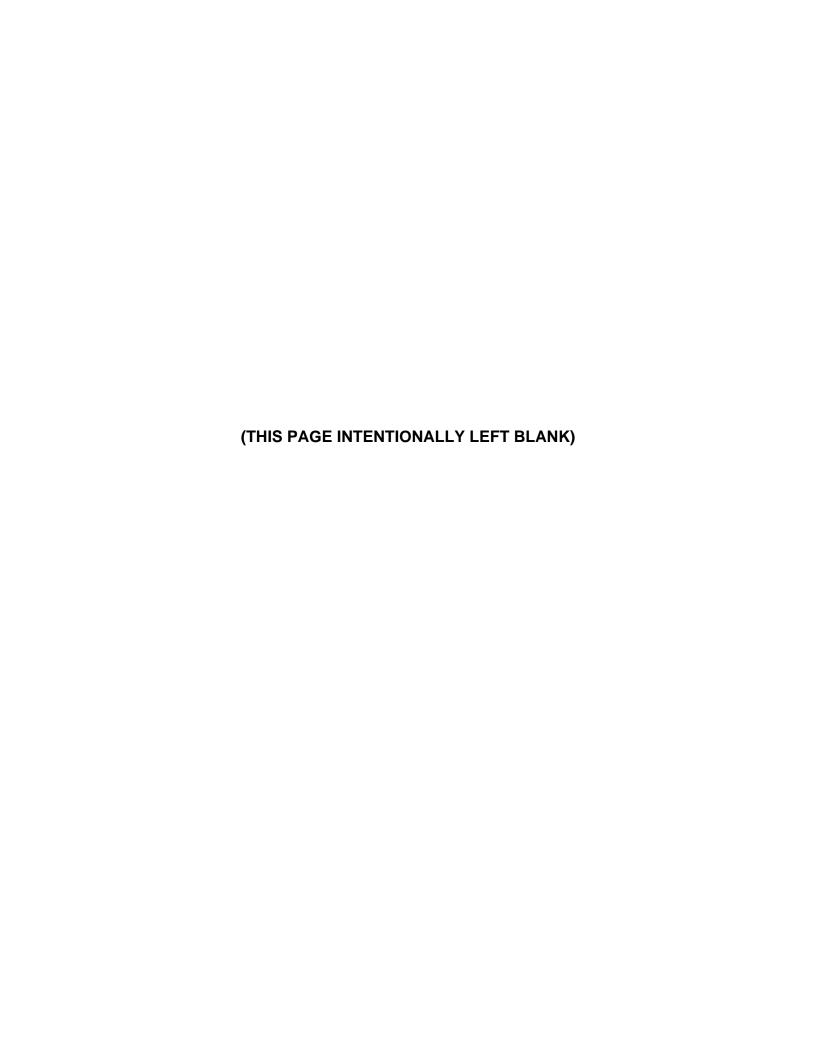
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Prepared By: Finance & Accounting Division

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Introductory Section





Central Contra Costa Sanitary District

5019 Imhoff Place, Martinez, CA 94553-4392

(925) 228-9500 • www.centralsan.org

November 13, 2008

Central Contra Costa Sanitary District Ratepayers and The Honorable Board of Directors. Martinez, California:

State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008.

Management of Central Contra Costa Sanitary District assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information in these financial statements, based upon a comprehensive system of internal controls that is established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Cropper Accountancy Corporation has issued an unqualified ("clean") opinion on the Central Contra Costa Sanitary District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2008. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis report (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

History and Services Provided

The District was established in 1946 under the Sanitary District Act of 1923 and is located about 30 miles east of San Francisco. The District builds, operates and maintains the facilities required to collect and process wastewater for approximately 317,000 residents of Danville, Lafayette, Martinez, Moraga, Orinda, Pleasant Hill, San Ramon, Walnut Creek and some of the unincorporated communities within Central Contra Costa County. The District also treats wastewater for 135,000 residents of the Cities of Concord and Clayton under a 1974 contract with the City of Concord.

The District is committed to protecting the public health and preserving the environment while minimizing facility and operating costs. The District has approximately 1,500 miles of sewer pipeline, ranging in size from 6 inches to 120 inches in diameter, and 18 sewage-pumping stations in the District's sewage collection system. The District is the sole provider of wastewater service within the District limits (see map of service area). Residents make up the largest segment of the District's customer base representing approximately 80% of the Sewer Service Charge revenue. The District's treatment capacity has grown from 4.5 million gallons per day (mgd) initiated in 1948 to 53.8 mgd currently. Bonds, state grants, federal grants, and pay-as-you-go resources of the District have financed expansions.

The District also provides an alternative source of water for irrigation by producing high quality recycled water. Recycled water can safely be used on freeway landscaping, street medians, golf courses, athletic fields, parks, playgrounds, schoolyards and multifamily residential common areas.

In addition to its wastewater responsibility, the District also teamed with Mountain View Sanitary District and other local governments to build and operate the first permanent Household Hazardous Waste (HHW) Collection Facility in Contra Costa County. The HHW Collection Facility is located adjacent to the District's wastewater treatment plant and seeks to keep pollutants out of the sewer system, making this facility an important part of our Pollution Prevention Program.

Organization, Accounting and Budgetary Controls

A 5-member Board of Directors governs the District. Board members are elected on a non-partisan basis and serve a four-year term. The Board appoints the General Manager, who in accordance with policies established by the Board of Directors, manages District affairs. The District employs 259 regular employees organized in four departments led by Department Directors responsible for their budgets and expenses. The four departments are: Administrative, Engineering, Operations, and Collection Systems.

The District uses an enterprise fund to account for the operations of the District, which is run in a manner similar to private industry. The District currently has one enterprise fund which is comprised of four internal sub-funds:

- Running Expense accounts for the general operations of the District.
 Substantially all operating revenues and expenses are accounted for in this fund (also referred to as Operations & Maintenance or O&M).
- Sewer Construction accounts for non-operating revenues that are to be used for acquisition or construction of plant, property, and equipment (also referred to as the Capital Fund).
- **Self-Insurance** accounts for interest earnings on cash balances in this sub-fund and cash allocations from other funds, as well as costs of insurance premiums and claims not covered by the District's insurance policies.

 Debt Service Fund – accounts for activity associated with the payment of the District's long term bonds and loans.

Each year, the Board adopts the following six budgets: Staffing Plan, Capital Improvement, Operations and Maintenance, Equipment, Self-Insurance, and Debt-Service. The Board Finance Committee reviews disbursements prior to each regular Board meeting, and disbursements are then approved by the full Board. Monthly financial statements are issued to management and the Board. A detailed mid-year and annual budget analysis are prepared and presented to the Board. District management is accountable for variances and adhering to budget constraints. The District also has several documented financial policies that are reviewed and updated as appropriate.

ASSESSING THE DISTRICT'S ECONOMIC CONDITION

Local Economy and Outlook

The current economic news is bleak and unprecedented. Bank failures abound, both in the U.S. and abroad. The government has responded with a \$700 billion bail-out, but investor confidence still appears to be weak. According to the Wall Street journal, the stock market plunged 21% in the seven day period beginning October 1, 2008, and 39% comparing October 2008 to October 2007. Oil prices and energy costs have risen, with gasoline reaching a high of \$4.50 per gallon in recent months, followed by some cost relief. Home prices have fallen, mainly due to the glut of foreclosed homes due to the sub-prime mortgage crisis. Consumer demand is down and retailers are already predicting a slow holiday season.

According to the Legislative Analyst's Office (LAO), the current situation and outlook for California are similar to the nation as a whole. California faces a huge budget deficit and the overall economic picture of California shows signs of a softening economy with revenue receipts trailing estimates. Unemployment rates are increasing and problems with the housing market continue. Housing is a key variable in California. The problems created by the sub-prime loans are peaking. Approximately 150,000 variable rate loans will reset by the end of 2008 and only about 70,000 homes will reset in 2009. Per the UCLA forecast, housing prices have yet to hit bottom in many parts of the country and the state, and probably won't begin appreciating in value until next year or 2010. The California economy is expected to muddle along this year and next, with recovery depending in part on a bottoming out of the slide in housing prices. It is anticipated that California will experience a no growth economy. Growth should resume at somewhere near normal levels in 2010, after a flat 2009. There is a lot of debate going on about the state of the economy and an underlying assumption of the California portion of the UCLA forecast is that the financial system will not freeze up.

On a positive note, the District anticipates growth in Dougherty Valley and reuse of the Concord Navel Weapons Station for housing that the District will serve. There is also an increased need for recycled water within Contra Costa County for urban land uses due to below average rainfall, very low snowmelt runoff, and the largest court ordered

water transfer restrictions in state history. The timing of growth will depend on economic conditions.

Fortunately, the District's primary operating revenues are sewer service charge from District customers and the City of Concord. The District also receives a portion of the one-percent property tax levied by the Contra Costa County. The District is fortunate to participate in the California's alternative method of apportionment called the Teeter Plan. Under the Teeter plan the County advances the full amount of property tax and other levies to the District based on the tax levy rather than the actual tax collections by the County. The County assumes the risk of delinquencies and in turn retains the penalties and accrued interest. Even though homeowners are bailing on their property tax bills, given the current housing melt down, the County still anticipates collecting the taxes. Growth is anticipated to be flat for at least two years.

The District has an excellent reputation in all areas of public service, which include finance, collection, treatment, training, safety, technology, capital projects, construction and customer service. The Central Contra Costa Sanitary District has balanced revenue sources, adequate reserves, and a low debt obligation, which will enable the District to meet the demands of future budgets. CCCSD reviews its rate and other charges annually. The District can increase its Sewer Service Charge rates when needed to make up revenue shortfalls by providing public notice to all customers, holding a Public Hearing, and obtaining approval by the Board of Directors.

Long Term Financial Planning

District management analyzes and updates their strategic plan annually, with the four main goals being: providing exceptional customer service, maintaining full regulatory compliance, maintaining responsible rates, and continuing to be a high performance organization. Strategies to achieve each of the goals are developed, as well as metrics to evaluate success.

The District performs a 10-year long-term cash flow forecast each year shortly before the budget process begins. The main economic factors usually considered in long range forecasting are: the impact of state legislation and mandates, regulatory compliance, GASB requirements, negotiated salary increases and employee benefits including significant increases in retirement and health care costs, energy costs and interpreting the energy market, and housing growth.

Major Initiatives

The District's vision it to be a high performance organization that provides exceptional customer service and full regulatory compliance at responsible rates. Full regulatory compliance is provided through exceptional operation of our collection system and treatment facilities as well as through continued investment in our infrastructure. Our current capital plan has an emphasis on collection system renovation in order to fix deteriorating pipes and pumping stations before they can contribute to a sewer system overflow. Both at the State and Federal level, regulations addressing sewer system overflows and public notification have become increasingly stringent over the last

several years. Collection system operations will be enhanced by the planned construction of a new administration/crew/warehouse building which is being designed to be LEED certified and will incorporate many green design features. LEED represents "Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design", which is administered by the U.S. Green Building Council.

Our current capital plan is also addressing treatment plant reliability through design and construction of three necessary projects. The standby power project, will provide new engine generators to ensure that adequate power is available to run the plant in the event of a utility power outage. A second project, the wet weather improvement project, will ensure that extreme wet weather flows that overwhelm the capacity of the plant outfall and holding ponds can be discharged to Walnut Creek. A third project, the solids handling improvements project, will ensure that sludge can be hauled to proper disposal in the event of a failure of our incineration system.

The District has received Platinum and Gold awards from the National Association of Clean Water Agencies (NACWA) for ten straight years in recognition of 100 percent compliance with our National Pollutant Discharge Elimination (NPDES) permit. Recently, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency selected the District as the second place winner of the 2008 Operations and Maintenance Excellence Awards in the category of Large Secondary Treatment Plant.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Central Contra Costa Sanitary District for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. This was the eighth consecutive year that the District has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

This report could not have been accomplished without the dedication and commitment provided by District staff. I would like to express my appreciation to the following employees who assisted in its preparation:

 The Finance and Accounting staff who compiled the information contained in this document with a special thanks to Thea Vassallo, Accountant, and Colette Curtis-Brown, Finance Administrator.

- The Reproduction and Graphics Team who creatively and professionally prepared this finished document.
- Engineering and Operations staff who provided much of the statistical information included in this document.
- The District's Board of Directors and Management Team for their support in preparing this document as well as their day-to-day support in conducting the financial operations of the District in a prudent and responsible manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Deborah Ratcliff

Controller

CENTRAL CONTRA COSTA SANITARY DISTRICT BOARD OF DIRECTORS June 30, 2008

Gerald R. Lucey	President
Barbara D. Hockett	President Pro-Tem
Michael R. McGill	Member
Mario M. Menesini	Member
James A. Neiedly	Member



Central Contra Costa Sanitary District



OUR MISSION



- Collecting and treating wastewaterRecycling high quality waterPromoting pollution prevention



OUR VISION

Be a high performance organization that provides exceptional customer service and full regulatory compliance at responsible rates.



OUR VALUES

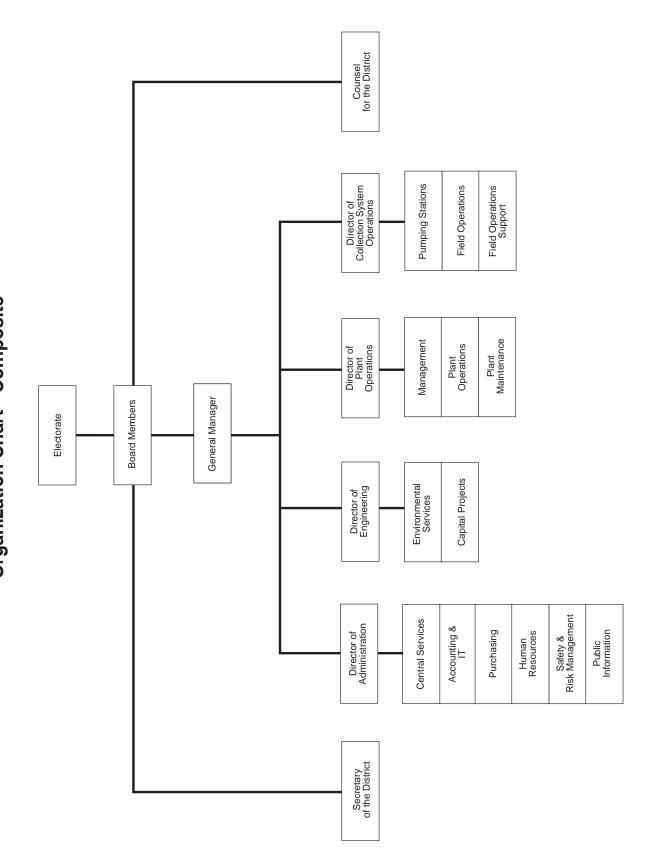
We will achieve our goals by valuing:

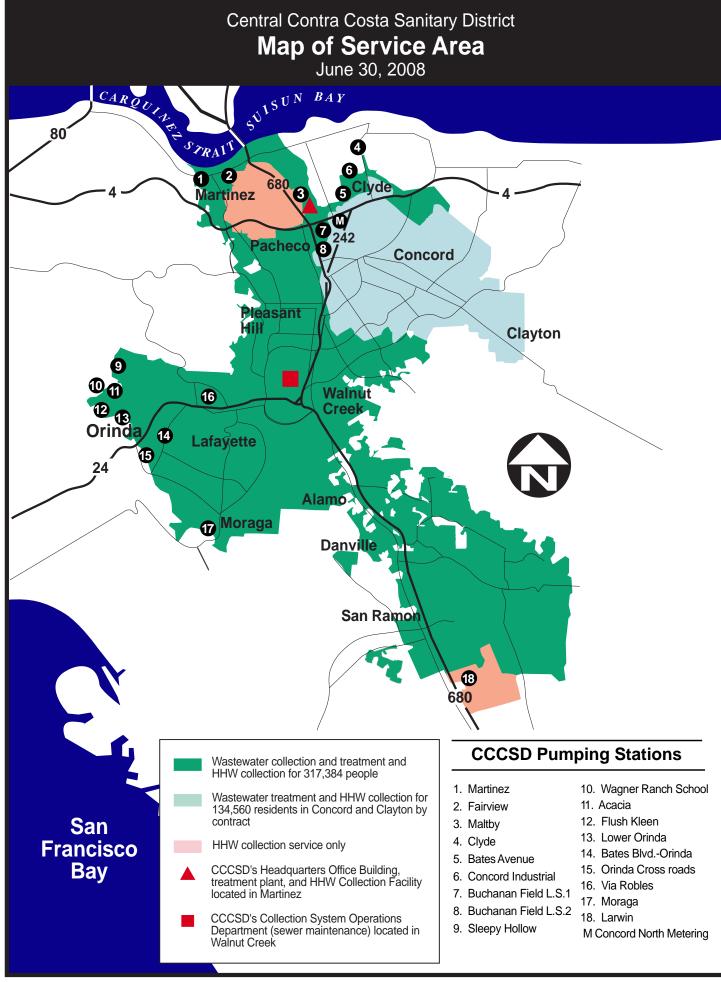
- Each other
- Ethics and integrity
 A healthy and safe environment
 Community relationships
 The meeting of commitments
 All aspects of diversity





CENTRAL CONTRA COSTA SANITARY DISTRICT Organization Chart - Composite





Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Central Contra Costa Sanitary District, California

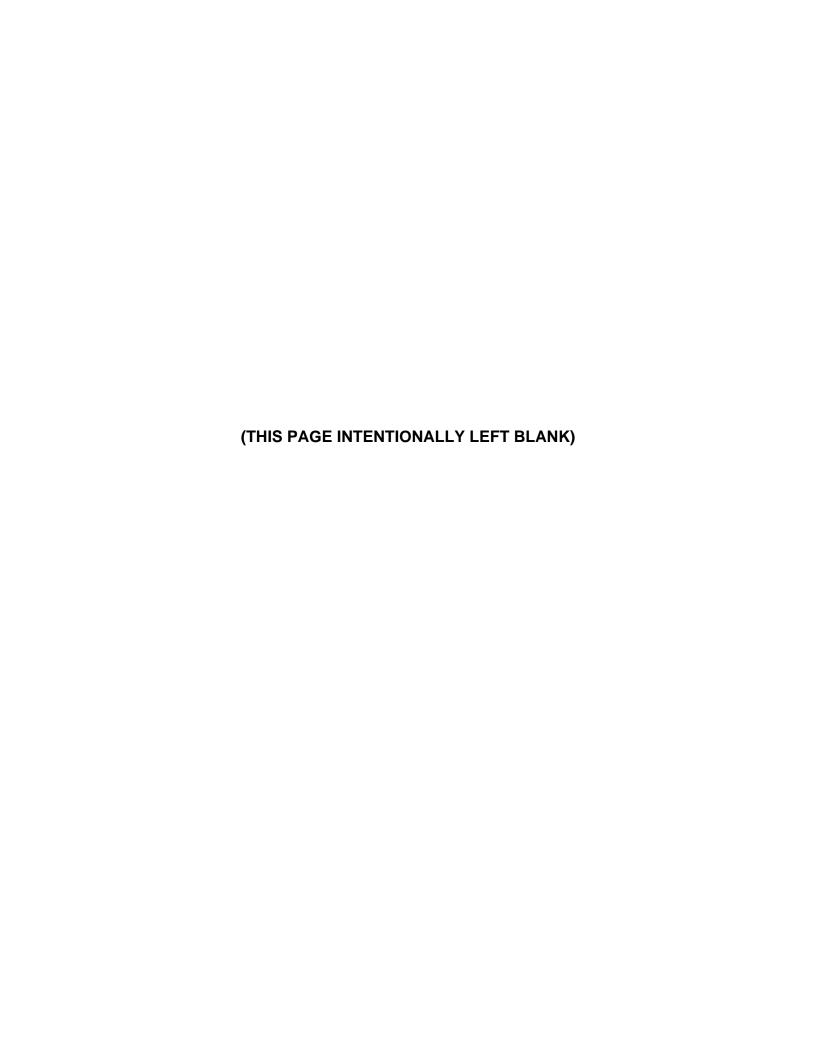
For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2007

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

Olme S. Cox

President

Executive Director



Financial Section



Cropper Accountancy Corporation

Certified Public Accountants

2977 Ygnacio Valley Road, #460 Walnut Creek, California 94598

Tel: (925) 932-3860 Fax: (925) 932-3862

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Central Contra Costa Sanitary District Martinez, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Central Contra Costa Sanitary District as of and for the years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, as listed in the table of contents. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain a reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Central Contra Costa Sanitary District as of June 30, 2008 and 2007, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as well as accounting systems prescribed by the State Controller's office for special districts.

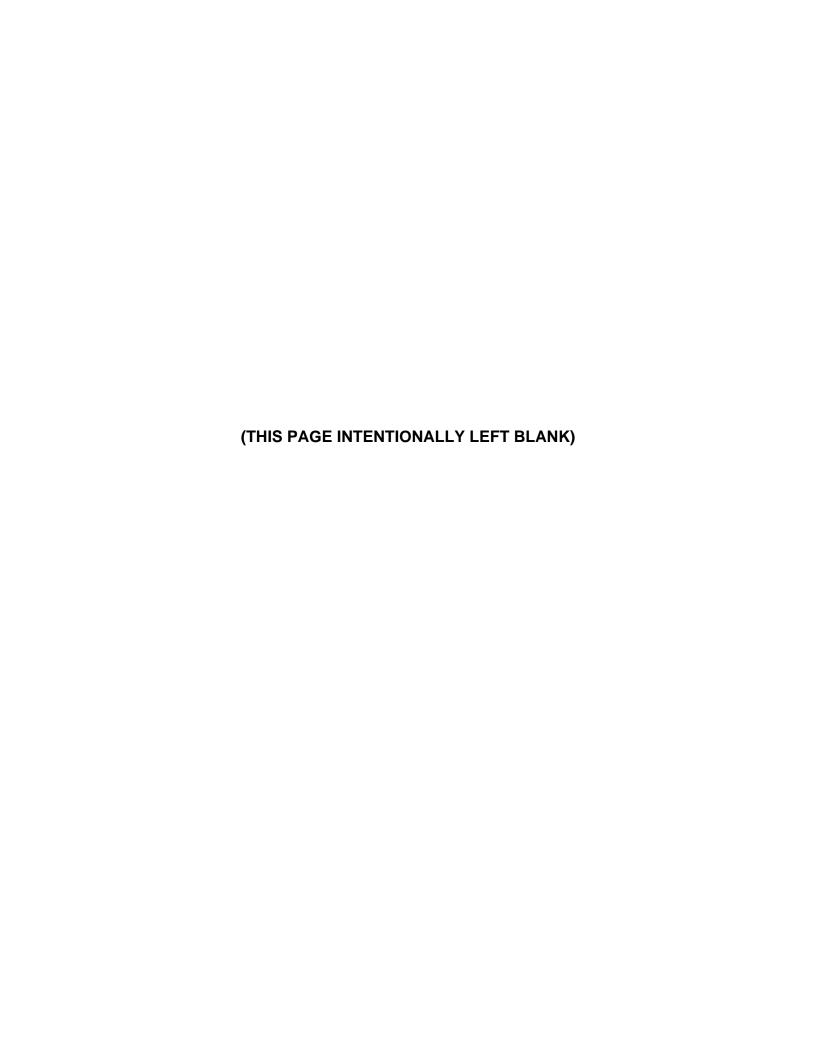
The Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplemental information required by the Government Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit this information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The financial information listed as supplementary information in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections, as listed in the table of contents, have not been audited by us and accordingly, we do not express an opinion on them.

Cropper Accountancy Corporation

September 12, 2008



Central Contra Costa Sanitary District

5019 Imhoff Place, Martinez, CA 94553-4392

(925) 228-9500 • www.centralsan.org

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the District's annual financial report presents an analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. This information is presented in conjunction with the audited financial statements, which follow this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The District's 2007-08 financial highlights are listed below. These results are discussed in more detail later in the report.

- The District's total ending net assets increased by \$17.9 million or 3.06% in 2007-08 when compared to fiscal year 2006-07
- Total revenues were \$82.2 million in 2007-08 compared to \$79.7 million in 2006-07
- Total 2007-08 expenses were \$75.0 million compared to \$71.1 million in 2006-07
- Capital Contributions decreased from \$12.4 million in 2006-07 to \$10.7 million in 2007-08

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report includes the management's discussion and analysis report, the independent auditor's report and the basic financial statements of the District. The financial statements also include notes that explain information in the financial statements in more detail.

REQUIRED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Financial Statements of the District report information utilizing methods similar to those used by private sector companies. These statements offer short and long-term financial information about its activities.

- Statement of net assets reports the District's current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations
- Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets reports the District's operating and non-operating revenues by major source along with operating and non-operating expenses and capital contributions
- Statement of cash flows reports the District's cash flows from operating activities, investing, capital and noncapital financing activities



STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

The following table shows the condensed statement of net assets of the Central Contra Costa Sanitary District for the past two years:

Condensed Statement of Net Assets	Fiscal Year 2007-2008	Fiscal Year 2006-2007	Dollar Change	Percent Change
Current Assets	\$ 86,373,020	\$ 80,148,191	\$ 6,224,829	7.77%
Capital Assets	560,288,889	543,622,261	16,666,628	3.07%
Other Non-current Assets	5,219,183	5,506,090	(286,907)	-5.21%
Total Assets	651,881,092	629,276,542	22,604,550	3.59%
Current Liabilities	19,261,007	12,278,750	6,982,257	56.86%
Non-Current Liabilities	31,009,990	33,261,915	(2,251,925)	-6.77%
Total Liabilities	50,270,997	45,540,665	4,730,332	10.39%
Invested in Capital Assets,				
Net of Related Debt	532,375,068	513,580,658	18,794,410	3.66%
Restricted - Debt Service	3,185,416	3,216,163	(30,747)	-0.96%
Unrestricted	66,049,611	66,939,056	(889,445)	-1.33%
Total Net Assets	\$ 601,610,095	\$ 583,735,877	\$ 17,874,218	3.06%

The total net assets of the District increased to \$601.6 million in 2007-08, a \$17.9 million increase from 2006-2007. The increase in net assets is the result of net income of \$7.2 million and capital contributions of \$10.7 million (shown in the next table).

By far the largest portion of the District's net assets (88.5% percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, equipment, and sewer line infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its ratepayers; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. There is currently \$3.2 million restricted for debt service. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets (\$66.0 million) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to its ratepayers and creditors.

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REVIEW OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

The following table shows the condensed statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets for the Central Contra Costa Sanitary District:

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

•	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Dollar	Percent
	2007-2008	2006-2007	Change	Change
Sewer Service Charges (SSC)	\$ 48,414,017	\$ 44,100,883	\$ 4,313,134	9.78%
Other Service Charges and misc.	1,465,569	1,657,238	(191,669)	11.57%
Total Operating Revenue	49,879,586	45,758,121	4,121,465	9.01%
Customer Contributions (SSC)	14,970,637	15,945,915	(975,278)	-6.12%
Property Tax	12,254,168	11,762,731	491,437	4.18%
Permit & Inspection Fees	1,335,160	1,615,308	(280,148)	-17.34%
All Other	3,771,438	4,574,156	(802,718)	-17.55%
Total Non-Operating Revenues	32,331,403	33,898,110	(1,566,707)	-4.62%
Total Revenues	82,210,989	79,656,231	2,554,758	3.21%
Total Labor and Benefits	37,312,472	34,678,665	2,633,807	7.59%
Chemicals & Utilities	7,223,877	7,024,986	198,891	2.83%
Repairs and Maintenance	2,985,670	3,254,643	(268,973)	-8.26%
Professional, Legal and Outside Services	2,613,658	2,298,712	314,946	13.70%
Materials & Supplies	1,728,963	1,734,504	(5,541)	-0.32%
Hauling and Disposal	877,885	850,439	27,446	3.23%
Self-Insurance Expense	916,639	519,284	397,355	76.52%
All Other	1,247,298	1,444,082	(196,784)	-13.63%
Depreciation Expense	18,615,747	17,714,714	901,033	5.09%
Total Operating Expenses	73,522,209	69,520,029	4,002,180	5.76%
Non-Operating Expense - Interest				
Expense	1,518,142	1,609,104	(90,962)	-5.65%
Total Expenses	75,040,351	71,129,133	3,911,218	5.50%
Income (Loss) Before Capital				
Contributions	7,170,638	8,527,098	(1,356,460)	-15.91%
Contributed Sewer Lines	1,444,420	3,521,704	(2,077,284)	-58.99%
Capital Contributions - Connection Fees	9,259,160	8,917,658	341,502	3.83%
Total Capital Contributions	10,703,580	12,439,362	(1,735,782)	-13.95%
Change in Net Assets	17,874,218	20,966,460	(3,092,242)	-14.75%
Beginning Net Assets	583,735,877	562,769,417	20,966,460	3.73%
Ending Net Assets	\$ 601,610,095	\$ 583,735,877	\$ 17,874,218	3.06%

In 2007-08, operating revenues increased by \$4.1 million or 9.0%; non-operating revenue decreased by \$1.6 million or -4.6%. The change in total revenue resulted in an increase of \$2.6 million or 3.2%. The SSC rate increased in 2007-08 by 3.7%, and the Sewer Service allocation between operating and non-operating revenue changed in 2007-08, reflecting a \$4.3 million increase in SSC Operating Revenue and the \$1.0 million decrease in non-operating revenue. Property Tax revenue had a modest \$500,000 increase due to a 4% growth to the tax base, in spite of the sub-prime mortgage crisis. In 2007-08, permit and inspection fees decreased in the struggling economy, and lower interest earnings on District investments resulted in a \$1.1 million revenue decrease compared to 2006-07.

In 2007-08, operating expenses increased by \$4.0 million or 5.8%. This is mainly due to increases in total labor, depreciation expense, increased self-insurance claims, technical services, chemical, and utility costs. The District booked the second annual GASB 45 liability accrual in the amount of \$2.8 million, which is included in employee benefits. Depreciation expense increased by \$900,000, reflecting new capital additions. Non-Operating Expense, which is made up of debt service interest expense decreased slightly as more principal was paid off. Total 2007-08 income before capital contributions decreased from \$8.5 million in 2006-07 to \$7.2 million in 2007-08 for a net decrease of \$1.4 million or -15.9%.

Capital contributions in 2007-08 were \$10.7 million compared to \$12.4 million in 2006-2007, resulting in a decrease of \$1.7 million or -14.0%. This was mainly due to less contributed sewer lines and connection fees increased due to one-time revenues in spite of housing construction slowing in general. The total change in net assets increased from \$583.7 million in 2006-07 to \$601.6 million in 2007-08.

CAPITAL ASSETS

As of June 30, 2008, the District's investment in capital assets totaled \$560.4 million, which is an increase of \$16.8 million or 3.08% over the capital asset balance of \$543.6 million at June 30, 2007. Capital assets include the District's entire major infrastructure including wastewater treatment facilities, sewers, land, buildings, pumping stations, vehicles, and furniture and equipment exceeding our capitalization policy limit of \$5,000, net of depreciation. A comparison of the District's capital assets over the past two fiscal years is presented below:

	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Dollar	Percent
Capital Assets	2007-2008	2006-2007	Change	<u>C</u> hange
Land	\$ 17,114,720	\$ 17,114,720	\$ -	0.00%
Sewage Collection System	242,806,977	226,796,748	16,010,229	7.06%
Contributed Sewer Lines	145,596,316	144,151,897	1,444,419	1.00%
Outfall Sewers	8,518,443	8,518,443	_	0.00%
Sewage Treatment Plant	264,327,208	255,008,296	9,318,912	3.65%
Recycled Water Infrastructure	11,936,662	11,726,507	210,155	1.79%
Pumping Stations	51,632,331	50,082,876	1,549,455	3.09%
Buildings	19,987,656	19,537,601	450,055	2.30%
Furniture & Equipment	13,730,782	12,951,529	779,253	6.02%
Motor Vehicles	5,224,941	4,575,910	649,031	14.18%
Construction In Progress	28,515,814	24,536,196	3,979,618	16.22%
Subtotal	809,391,850	775,000,723	34,391,127	4.44%
Less Accumulated Depreciation	249,002,961	231,378,462	17,624,499	7.62%
Total Capital Assets (net of depreciation)	\$ 560,388,889	\$ 543,622,261	\$ 16,766,628	3.08%

The major reasons for the increase of \$16.8 million in capital assets, net of depreciation, are:

- Sewer pipe ongoing renovations, pumping station improvements, and contributed sewer lines (\$19 million)
- Treatment plant infrastructure renovations, upgrades, equipment, and improvements (\$9.3 million)
- Construction In Progress increased by \$4.0 million due to increased project activity
- Buildings, Recycled Water Infrastructure, Furniture & Equipment, and Motor Vehicles (\$2.1 million)

• These increases are offset by an increase in accumulated depreciation due to our increasing capital asset value and its associated depreciation expense (-\$17.6 million)

See Note #4 in the audited financial statements.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The District has the following outstanding debt as of June 30, 2008:

	\$ 28,141,898
Water Reclamation Loan Contract	 1,629,250
2002 Revenue Bonds	14,220,000
1998 Revenue Refunding Bonds	\$ 12,292,648

See Note #6 in the audited financial statements.

ECONOMIC AND OTHER FACTORS

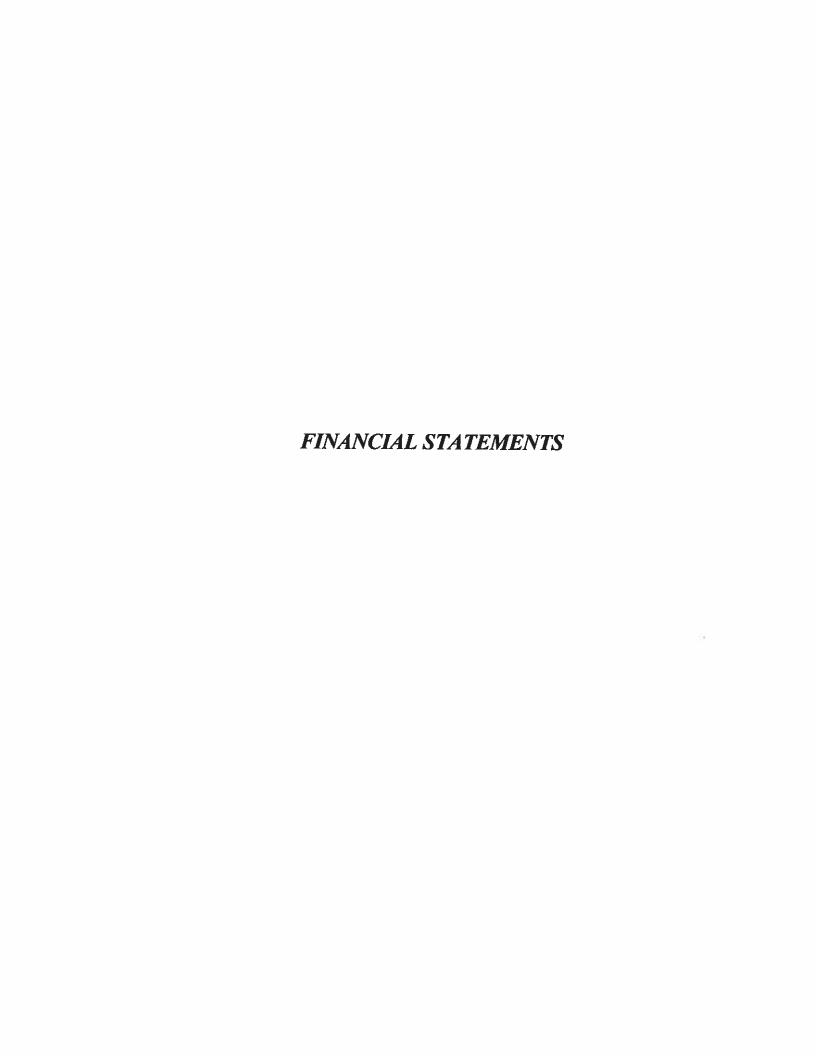
Changes in the state budget have a significant impact on the District. The State currently faces a huge budget deficit. Previous California budget deficits were partially remedied by shifting a portion of local property tax to the state in 2004-05 and 2005-06. The tax shift ended in 2006-07, and the voters passed Proposition 1A that mandates the State repay any future property tax that it borrows. Still, there were several proposals made in the 2008-09 budget process that could either allow for borrowing special district property tax, or eliminating it by shifting it to other government programs. It is probable that our property tax income will be eliminated by some means in the future.

Regulatory requirements are becoming more stringent, causing the District to spend more on compliance, both for operations and maintenance costs and capital projects. Interest rates remain low, and this negatively impacts interest earnings. The future state of the economy, and the impact to the District, is in question at this time due to large drops in the stock market and failing investment companies.

In addition to making efforts to reduce spending and improve process efficiencies, the District has the ability to raise the Sewer Service Charge to meet our long-term commitments.

FINANCIAL CONTACT

The financial report is designed to provide our customers and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact: Controller, Central Contra Costa Sanitary District, 5019 Imhoff Place, Martinez, CA 94553.



Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2008 and 2007

	2008	2007
ASSETS	_	
Current Assets		
Cash and investments available for operations	\$ 66,665,766	\$ 63,865,052
Accounts receivable	17,002,243	13,907,341
Interest receivable	340,273	61,207
Parts and supplies	1,612,059	1,543,018
Prepaid expenses	652,679	771,573
Total Current Assets	86,273,020	80,148,191
Noncurrent Assets		
Restricted cash and investments	3,696,773	3,569,117
Land, property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	531,773,075	519,086,064
Construction in progress	28,515,814	24,536,197
Contractual assessment district receivable	1,394,333	1,678,216
Revenue bond issuance costs, net of amortization	228,077	258,757
Total Noncurrent Assets	565,608,072	549,128,351
Total Assets	651,881,092	629,276,542
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	8,673,582	5,143,848
Interest payable	419,656	440,824
Current portion of refunding revenue bonds	2,300,000	2,210,000
Current portion of water reclamation loan contract	144,759	141,090
Current portion of accrued compensated absences	790,000	· -
Liability for uninsured claims	629,820	629,820
Other postemployment benefits	5,990,813	3,157,887
Refundable deposits	312,377	555,281
Total Current Liabilities	19,261,007	12,278,750
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Revenue bonds, net of current portion	24,212,648	26,320,020
Accrued compensated absences, net of current portion	5,312,851	5,312,645
Water reclamation loan contract, net of current portion	1,484,491	1,629,250
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	31,009,990	33,261,915
Total Liabilities	50,270,997	45,540,665
NET ASSETS		
	522 275 060	512 500 650
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for debt service	532,375,068 3,185,416	513,580,658
Unrestricted Unrestricted	3,185,416 66,049,611	3,216,163 66,939,056
Total Net Assets		
LOURI LACT WOODIN	\$ 601,610,095	\$ 583,735,877

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

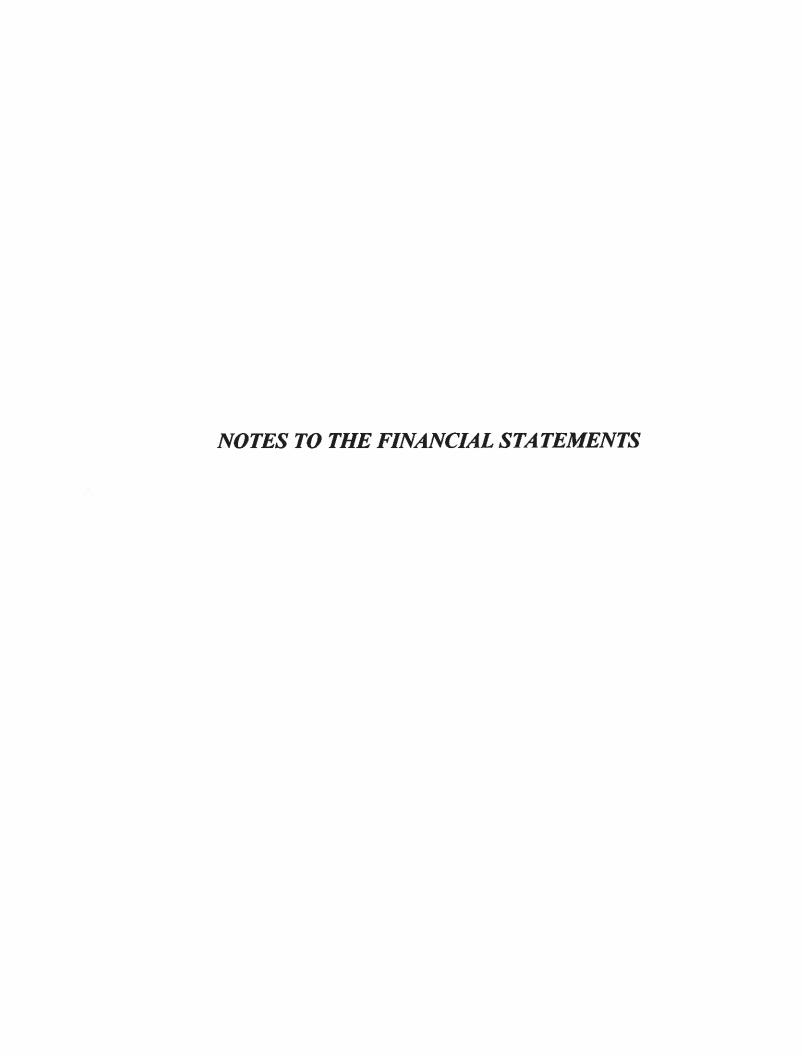
	2008	2007
OPERATING REVENUE		
Sewer service charges (SSC)	\$ 40,207,157	\$ 35,057,668
Service charges - City of Concord	8,206,860	9,043,215
Other service charges	869,589	793,395
Miscellaneous charges	595,980	863,843
Total operating revenue	49,879,586	45,758,121
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Sewage collection and pumping stations	10,905,468	10,332,732
Sewage treatment	22,054,203	21,438,368
Engineering	6,332,830	5,472,707
Administrative and general	15,613,961	14,561,508
Depreciation	18,615,747	17,714,714
Total operating expenses	73,522,209	69,520,029
OPERATING LOSS	(23,642,623)	(23,761,908)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Taxes	12,254,168	11,762,731
City of Concord cash contributions to capital costs	5,336,273	3,435,512
Customer cash contributions to capital cost (SSC)	9,634,364	12,510,403
Permit and inspection fees	1,335,160	1,615,308
Interest earnings	2,527,621	3,257,773
Interest expense	(1,518,142)	(1,609,104)
Other income (expense)	1,243,817	1,316,383
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	30,813,261	32,289,006
Income before contributions and transfers	7,170,638	8,527,098
Contributed sewer lines	1,444,420	3,521,704
Capital contributions - connection fees	9,259,160	8,917,658
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	17,874,218	20,966,460
Total Net Assets - Beginning	583,735,877	562,769,417
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$ 601,610,095	\$ 583,735,877

Statement of Cash Flows

Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

	2008	2007
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:		
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 46,825,663	\$ 41,606,988
Payments to suppliers	(7,360,135)	(11,878,232)
Payments to employees and related benefits	(40,326,309)	(34,004,606)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(860,781)	(4,275,850)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities:		
Receipt of taxes	12,254,168	11,762,731
Inspection/permit fees and other non-operating income	2,578,977	2,931,692
Net cash provided by (used in) non capital and related financing activities	14,833,145	14,694,423
·		
Cash Flows From Capital And Related Financing Activities:		
Capital contributions	14,970,637	15,945,915
Connection fees	9,259,160	8,917,658
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(33,855,254)	(39,768,810)
Principal paid on bonds	(2,158,462)	(2,079,887)
Interest paid on bonds	(1,508,630)	(1,793,559)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	(13,292,549)	(18,778,683)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Interest received	2,248,555	3,961,292
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	2,928,370	(4,398,818)
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1	67,434,169	71,832,987
Cash and Cash equivalents, June 30	\$ 70,362,539	\$ 67,434,169
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided		
(used) by operating activities		
Operating gain (loss)	(23,642,623)	(23,761,908)
Adjustment to reconcile operating income to net cash provided		
(used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation expense	18,615,747	17,714,714
Net book value on capital assets retired	17,299	142,652
(Increase) decrease in:		
Accounts receivable	(2,811,019)	(2,493,895)
Parts and supplies	(69,041)	19,001
Prepaid expenses	118,895	443,538
Increase (decrease) in:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	3,529,733	428,269
Refundable deposits	(242,904)	(38,935)
Other postemployment benefits	2,832,926	3,157,887
Accrued compensated absences	790,206	112,827
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (860,781)	\$ (4,275,850)
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities		
Contributions of capital assets	\$ 1,444,420	\$ 3,521,704
End of Period:		
	A ((((= = ((63,865,052
Unrestricted cash and equivalents	\$ 66,665,766	03,603,032
Unrestricted cash and equivalents Restricted cash and equivalents	\$ 66,665,766 3,696,773 \$ 70,362,539	3,569,117 \$ 67,434,169

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements



Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Central Contra Costa Sanitary District, a special district and a public entity established under the Sanitary District Act of 1923, provides sewer service for the incorporated and unincorporated areas under its jurisdiction. A Board of Directors comprised of five elected members governs the District.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these basic financial statements present Central Contra Costa Sanitary District and its component unit. The component unit discussed in the following paragraph is blended in the District's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational or financial relationship with the District.

Blended Component Unit - Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District, in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. For financial reporting purposes, the component unit discussed below is reported in the District's financial statements because of the significance of its relationship with the District. The component unit, although a legally separate entity, is reported in the financial statements using the blended presentation method as if it were part of the District's operations because the Governing Board of the component unit is essentially the same as of governing board of the District and because its purpose is to finance facilities to be used for the direct benefit of the District. The Central Contra Costa Sanitary District Facilities Financing Authority was organized solely for the purpose of providing financial assistance to the District by acquiring, constructing, improving and financing various facilities, land and equipment purchases, and by leasing or selling certain facilities, land and equipment for the use, benefit and enjoyment of the public served by the District. The Corporation has no members and the Board of Directors of the Corporation consists of the same persons who are serving as the Board of Directors of the District. There are no separate basic financial statements prepared for the Corporation.

Basis of Accounting

The District's financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as promulgated by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB). In addition, the District applies all applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

The District is a proprietary entity; it uses an enterprise fund format to report its activities for financial statement purposes. Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the cost and expenses, including depreciation, of providing goods or services to its customers be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expense incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Enterprise funds are used to account for activities similar to those in the private sector, where the proper matching of revenues and costs is important and the full accrual basis of accounting is required. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities of the enterprise are recorded on its statement of net assets, all revenues are recognized when earned and all expenses, including depreciation, are recognized when incurred.

Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with an enterprise fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for the District include the costs of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

For internal operating purposes, the District's Board of Directors has established four separate subfunds, each of which includes a separate self-balancing set of accounts and a separate Board approved budget for revenues and expenses. These sub-funds are combined into the single enterprise fund presented in the accompanying financial statements. The nature and purpose of these sub-funds are as follows:

Running Expense

Running expense accounts for the general operations of the District. Substantially all operating revenues and expenses are accounted for in this sub-fund.

Sewer Construction

Sewer construction accounts for non-operating revenues, which are to be used for acquisition or construction of plant, property and equipment.

Self Insurance

Self insurance accounts for interest earnings on cash balances in this sub-fund and cash allocations from other sub-funds, as well as for costs of insurance premiums and claims not covered by the District's insurance coverage.

Debt Service

Debt service accounts for activity associated with the payment of the District's long term bonds and loans.

That portion of the District's net assets which is allocable to each of these sub-funds has been shown separately in the accompanying financial statements.

The District's Board of Directors adopts annual budgets on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

<u>Investments</u>

Investments held at June 30, 2008, with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost.

Prepaids Prepaids

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the financial statements.

Bank Escrow Deposit

An escrow agreement was formed between the District and the National Park Service for the Right of Way through the John Muir National Historic Site, in lieu of issuing a bond. The current Right of Way Permit is 10 years, but is renewable and must remain in effect so long as there is sewerage running through the area; therefore it is unlikely that the escrow funds will ever be released to the District. These funds are restricted cash in the financial statements. See note 2.

Parts and Supplies

Parts and supplies are valued at average cost and are used primarily for internal purposes.

Property, Plant, and Equipment

Purchased capital assets are stated at historical cost. Capital assets contributed to the District are stated at estimated fair value at the time of contribution. The capitalization threshold for capital assets is \$5,000. Expenditures, which materially increase the value or life of a capital assets are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful life of the asset.

Depreciation of exhaustible capital assets has been provided using the straight-line method as follows:

	Years
Sewage Collection Facilities	75
Sewage Treatment Plant and Pumping Plants	40
Buildings	50
Furniture and Equipment	5 – 15
Motor Vehicles	6 - 15

CENTRAL CONTRA COSTA SANITARY DISTRICT Notes to Financial Statements

Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Defined Contribution Retirement Plans

District employees may defer a portion of their compensation under a District sponsored Deferred Compensation Plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Under this Plan, participants are not taxed on the deferred portion of their compensation until it is distributed to them; distributions may be made only at termination, retirement, death, or in an emergency as defined by the Plan. The District does not make contributions to the plan.

On August 20, 1997, the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code covering section 457 were amended to require existing plans to establish trusts for assets of plans so that they would not be subject to the right of general creditors. The District amended its plan during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999 to meet this requirement. Consequently, at June 30, 2008, the plans assets are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and are not included in the District's financial statements.

The District also contributes to a money purchase plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code section 401(a). Contributions to the plan are made in accordance with a memorandum of understanding stating that in lieu of making payments to Social Security, the District contributes to the 401 (a) Plan an amount equal to that which would have been contributed to Social Security on behalf of its employees as long as the District is not required to participate in Social Security. The assets are held in trust and are not recorded on the books of the District. The District contributed \$1,391,089 to the plan during the year ended June 30, 2008.

Property Taxes

Property tax revenue is recognized in the fiscal year for which the tax is levied. The County of Contra Costa levies, bills and collects property taxes for the District; all material amounts are collected by June 30.

General County taxes collected are the same as the amount levied since the County participates in California's alternative method of apportionment called the Teeter Plan. The Teeter Plan as provided in Section 4701 at seq. of the State of Revenue and Taxation Code establishes a mechanism for the county to advance the full amount of property tax and other levies to taxing agencies based on the tax levy, rather than on the basis of actual tax collections. Although this system is a simpler method to administer, the County assumes the risk of delinquencies. The County in return retains the penalties and accrued interest thereon.

Secured Property tax bills are mailed once a year during the month of October on the current secured tax roll, to the owner of the property as of the lien date (January 1). Payments can be made in two installments, and are due on November 1 and February 1. Delinquent accounts are assessed a penalty of 10 percent. Accounts, which remain unpaid on June 30, are charged an additional 1 ½ percent per month. Unsecured property tax is due on July 1 and becomes delinquent on August 31. The penalty percentage rates are the same as secured property tax.

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Compensated Absences

The liability for vested vacation, compensatory time, and sick pay is recorded as an expense when earned. District employees have a vested interest in 100 percent of accrued vacation time and 85 percent of accrued sick time for employees hired before May 1, 1985. Employees hired after May 1, 1985 have a vested interest in up to 40 percent of their sick time, based upon length of employment with the District.

The accrued compensated absences increased to \$6,102,851 from \$5,312,645 in fiscal 2008. The current portion of the non-current liability to be used within the next year is estimated by management to be approximately \$790,000.

Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all highly liquid investments, including restricted assets, with maturities of three months or less when purchased, are considered to be cash equivalents. Included therein are petty cash, bank accounts, and the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). Restricted assets are debt service amounts maintained by fiduciaries and not available for general expenses.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In April 2004, GASB issued GASB No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans. This Statement provides guidance on how to report OPEB plans that qualify as a trust or agency funds or as fiduciary component units of either a participating employer, a plan sponsor, a public employee retirement system (CalPERS, or other administering entity). The requirements for this statement are effective for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2006 provided GASB 45 is also implemented. The District will implement this standard in conjunction with GASB 45.

In July 2004, GASB issued GASBS No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This Statement requires local governmental employers who provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB) as part of the total compensation offered to employees to recognize the expense and related liabilities (assets) in the government-wide financial statements of net assets and activities. This Statement establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of OPEB expense/expenditures and related liabilities (assets),

CENTRAL CONTRA COSTA SANITARY DISTRICT Notes to Financial Statements

Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

1. Description of District and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

New Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

note disclosures, and, if applicable, required supplementary information (RSI) in the financial reports of State and local governmental employers.

Current financial reporting practices for OPEB are generally based on pay-as-you-go financing approaches. Current financial reporting practices fail to measure or recognize the cost of OPEB during the periods when employees render the services, or to provide relevant information about OPEB obligations and the extent to which progress is being made in funding those obligations.

The District is required to implement the provisions of this Statement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 (effective for fiscal years beginning <u>after December 31, 2007</u>). See note 10 for additional information.

In November of 2006, GASB issued <u>GASBS No. 49</u>, Accounting and Financial Reporting Pollution Remediation Obligations. The District is required to implement the provisions of this Statement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 (effective for periods beginning <u>after December 15</u>, 2007). This standard addresses current or potential detrimental effects of existing pollution by participating in pollution remediation activities such as site assessments and cleanups. The scope of the document excludes pollution prevention or control obligations with respect to current operations, and future pollution remediation activities that are required upon retirement of an asset, such as a landfill closure. This statement may have a material effect on the financial statements of the District.

In May of 2007, GASB issued GASBS No. 50, Pension Disclosures — an amendment of GASB Statements No. 25 and No. 27. The District is required to implement the provisions of this Statement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 (effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2007). This Statement aligns more closely the financial reporting requirements for pensions with those for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) and, in doing so, enhances information disclosed in notes to financial statements or presented as required supplementary information (RSI) by pension plans and by employers that provide pension benefits.

The reporting changes required by the Statement amend applicable note disclosure and RSI requirements of Statements No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, and No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers, to conform with requirements of Statements No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, and No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. We do not expect this statement to have a material effect on the financial statements of the District.

In June of 2007, GASB issued <u>GASBS No. 51</u>, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets. The District is required to implement the provisions of this Statement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 (effective for periods beginning <u>after</u> June 15, 2009; for governments classified as phase

CENTRAL CONTRA COSTA SANITARY DISTRICT Notes to Financial Statements

Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

1. Description of District and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

New Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

2 under GASBS No. 34, retroactive reporting is required for intangible assets acquired in fiscal years ended after June 30, 1980). This Statement requires that all intangible assets not specifically excluded by its scope provisions be classified as capital assets. Governments possess many different types of assets that may be considered intangible assets, including easements, water rights, patents, trademarks, and computer software. Intangible assets, and more specifically easements, are referred to in the description of capital assets in Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments. This reference has created questions as to whether and when intangible assets should be considered capital assets for financial reporting purposes. The implementation of the provisions of this standard may have a material effect on the financial statements of the District.

In November of 2007, GASB issued GASBS No. 52, Land and Other Real Estate Held as Investments by Endowments. The District is required to implement the provisions of this Statement for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009 (effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2008). This Statement requires endowments to report their land and other real estate investments at fair value and governments to report the changes in fair value as investment income and to disclose the methods and significant assumptions employed to determine fair value, and other information that they currently present for other investments reported at fair value. Endowments exist to invest resources for the purpose of generating income. Other entities that exist for similar purposes—pension and other postemployment benefit plans, external investment pools, and Internal Revenue Code Section 457 deferred compensation plans—however, report land and other real estate held as investments at their fair value. We do not expect this statement to have a material effect on the financial statements of the District.

In June of 2008, GASB issued GASBS No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments. This Statement requires governments to measure derivative instruments at fair value in their economic resources measurement focus financial statements. Derivative instruments are often complex financial arrangements used by governments to manage specific risks or to make investments. By entering into these arrangements, governments receive and make payments based on market prices without actually entering into the related financial or commodity transactions. Derivative instruments associated with changing financial and commodity prices result in changing cash flows and fair values that can be used as effective risk management or investment tools. Derivative instruments, however, can also expose governments to significant risks and liabilities. Common types of derivative instruments used by governments include interest rate and commodity swaps, interest rate locks, options (caps, floors, and collars), forward contracts, and future contracts. The District is required to implement the provisions of the Statement for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010 (effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2009), which should allow users of the financial statements to more fully understand the District's resources available to provide services. The District does not currently hold such instruments which would be classified as derivatives other than a minor amount held through the State Investment Pool and Cal Trust.

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Summary of Investments

Investments as of June 30, 2008 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Cash and investments available for operations	\$ 66,665,766	
Cash in escrow-in lieu of surety bond	100,000	*
Restricted cash and investments	3,596,773	
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 70,362,539	

^{*} See note 1 – Bank Escrow Deposit

General Authorizations

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedules below:

	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
	Remaining	Percentage	Investment
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	In One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	1 year	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180	40%	15%
Commercial Paper (1)	270	25%	15%
Collateralized Certificates of Deposit	1 year (2)	30%	15%
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None

- (1) Prime quality; limited to corporations with assets over \$500,000,000
- (2) Prior approval of the Board of Directors must be obtained to acquire maturities beyond one year

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (continued)

Authorized Under Debt Agreements

	Maximum Remaining	Maximum Percentage	Maximum Investment
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	In One Issuer
Federal Securities	None	None	None
Direct or indirect obligations of the following agencies of the			
USA:	None	None	None
Export-Import Bank	None	None	None
Farmers Home Administration	None	None	None
Participation Certificates issued by the General Services			
Administration	None	None	None
Mortgage-backed bonds or pass-through obligations issued by			
GNMA, FNMA, FHLMC, or FHA	None	None	None
Project notes issued by the US Department of HUD	None	None	None
Public housing notes and bonds guaranteed by the USA	None	None	None
Certificates of Deposit (fully insured by FDIC)	None	None	None
Commercial Paper – US Corporations (1)	270 Days	None	None
Bankers acceptances (1)	180 Days	None	None
State Investment Pool (LAIF)	None	None	None
Money Market Funds (1)	None	None	None

(1) Rated highest short-term rating by S&P and Moody's

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages exposure to interest rate risk by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

The District's investments at year end with the exception of the U.S. Treasuries below are held in external investment pools which are liquid investments.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuation is provided by the following schedule that shows the distribution of the District's investment by maturity:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Maturity	
Treasury Bills and obligations	\$3,596,773	12/26/08	
T. 4.1	0.506.770		
Total	<u>\$ 3,596,773</u>		

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (continued)

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issue of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating by the California Government Code, the Districts' investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of the year-end for each investment type.

		Not		
	Minimum	Required	Rating as	of Year End
Fair	Legal	To Be	AAA	Unrated
Value	Rating	Rated		
\$ 1,265,766	A	\$1,265,766	-	-
3,596,773	Α		\$3,596,773	-
29,000,000	N/A			\$29,000,000
36,500,000	N/A			36,500,000
				·
\$70,362,539		\$1,265,766	\$3,596,773	\$65,500,000
	Value \$ 1,265,766 3,596,773 29,000,000 36,500,000	Fair Legal Nating \$ 1,265,766 A 3,596,773 A 29,000,000 N/A 36,500,000 N/A	Fair Legal To Be Value Rating Rated \$ 1,265,766 A \$1,265,766 3,596,773 A 29,000,000 N/A 36,500,000 N/A	Fair Value Legal Rating Rated Rated \$ 1,265,766 A \$1,265,766 - 3,596,773 A \$3,596,773 \$3,596,773 29,000,000 N/A N/A \$3,596,773

Concentration of Credit Risk

During the current fiscal year the District invested exclusively in U.S. Treasuries, CalTrust (a County Joint Powers Agency Authority) and State Investment Pool, which are not limited by the California Government Code or District Investment Policy.

Investments in County Treasury – The District is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

Investment in the State Investment Pool – The District is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California government code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statement at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which is recorded on the amortized costs basis.

CENTRAL CONTRA COSTA SANITARY DISTRICT Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (continued)

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

Custodial risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. the broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code does not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk. The District's policy is to use the services of the Treasurer's Office of the County of Contra Costa, which will transact the District's investment decisions in compliance with the requirements of the District's policy. The County Treasurer's Office will execute the District's investments through such brokers, dealers, and financial institutions as are approved by the County Treasurer, and through the State Treasurer's Office for investment in the Local Agency Investment Fund.

3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

At June 30, 2008, accounts receivable are comprised of the following:

City of Concord (see Note 8)	\$ 15,899,114
Household Hazardous Waste Partners	623,761
All other	479,368
Total accounts receivable	\$ 17,002,243

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Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

4. LAND, PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, AND CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

Property, plant and equipment, and construction in progress are summarized below for the year ended June 30, 2008:

	Balance Beginning of Year	Additions	Retirements	Transfer from CIP	Balance End of Year
At Cost					
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 17,114,720	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,114,720
Construction in progress	24,536,196	33,172,179	(925)	(29,191,636)	28,515,814
Total nondepreciated assets	41,650,916	33,172,179	(925)	(29,191,636)	45,630,534
Capital assets being depreciated					
Sewage collection system	226,796,748	-	(767,540)	16,677,769	242,706,977
Contributed sewer lines	144,151,897	1,444,419	•	-	145,596,316
Outfall sewers	8,518,443	-	-	-	8,518,443
Sewage treatment plant	255,008,296	-	(31,000)	9,349,912	264,327,208
Recycled water infrastructure	11,726,507	-	-	210,155	11,936,662
Pumping stations	50,082,876	-	(5,000)	1,554,455	51,632,331
Buildings	19,537,603	-	-	450,053	19,987,656
Furniture and equipment	12,951,529	-	(170,039)	949,292	13,730,782
Motor vehicles	4,575,910	783,074	(134,043)	-	5,224,941
Total depreciated assets	733,349,809	2,227,493	(1,107,622)	29,191,636	763,661,316
Less accumulated depreciation					
Sewage system and lines	31,481,641	3,170,171	(667,540)	•	33,984,272
Contributed assets	39,318,069	1,943,403	•	-	41,261,472
Outfall sewers	2,313,560	113,353	-	-	2,426,913
Sewage treatment plant	127,616,765	8,916,235	(31,000)	-	136,502,000
Recycled water infrastructure	3,087,909	465,579	-	-	3,553,488
Pumping stations	12,018,883	2,119,559	(5,000)	-	14,133,442
Buildings	4,697,854	620,465	-	-	5,318,319
Furniture and equipment	7,737,364	915,538	(153,666)	-	8,499,236
Motor vehicles	3,106,418	351,444	(134,043)		3,323,819
Total accumulated depreciation	231,378,463	18,615,747	(991,249)	<u> </u>	249,002,961
Total capital assets being		_			
depreciated, net	501,971,346	(16,388,254)	(116,373)	29,191,636	514,658,355
Capital assets, net	\$ 543,622,262	\$ 16,783,925	\$ (117,298)	\$ -	\$ 560,288,889

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

5. CONTRACTUAL ASSESSMENT DISTRICTS

The District established the Contractual Assessment District (CAD) program to help homeowners finance the cost of connecting to the District. The construction costs associated with the project within the program are capitalized and depreciated. Individual homeowners are assessed an amount equal to their share of the construction costs and connection fee. The assessments plus interest are generally payable over 10 years. At year-end, the receivable balance was \$1,394,333.

6. LONG-TERM DEBT

Revenue Bonds – 2002

In May 2002, the District issued \$16,565,000 of Revenue Installment Certificates for Wastewater Facilities Improvements, with interest rates ranging from 4.0 to 5.0%. The bonds are secured by a pledge of revenue. Principal payments are due annually on September 1, commencing in fiscal year 2005, and interest is payable semi-annually on September 1 and March 1 of each year.

Refunding Revenue Bonds - 1998 & 1994 Defeased Debt

In September 1998, the District issued \$25,335,000 of Refunding Revenue Bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.5 and 4.7%. The Bonds are secured by a pledge of revenue. Principal payments are due annually on September 1, and interest is payable semi-annually on September 1 and March 1.

The District issued the 1998 Refunding Revenue Bonds to advance refund the 1994 Revenue Installment Certificates, which had interest rates of 5.25 to 6.25%. The net proceeds were deposited in an escrow fund to service and redeem the 1994 debt. As a result, the advance refunding met the requirements of an in-substance debt defeasance, and the outstanding balance of the 1994 debt was removed from the District's accounts. The 1994 issue no longer has an outstanding balance.

The excess of the amount required to be deposited into the escrow fund over the net carrying amount of the 1994 debt resulted in a deferred loss. The deferred loss is reported as reduction of the new debt and is being amortized over the 15-year term of the new debt.

Summary

The changes in the District's long-term obligations during the year consisted of the following:

	Balance	Deferred		Balance	Due in
	July 1, 2007	Cost	Deductions	June 30, 2008	One Year
General obligation bonds	\$28,530,020	\$ 192,628	\$ 2,210,000	\$26,512,648	\$ 2,300,000
Water Reclamation Loan	1,770,340		141,090	1,629,250	144,759
	\$30,300,360	<u>\$ 192,628</u>	<u>\$ 2,351,090</u>	<u>\$ 28,141,898</u>	<u>\$ 2,444,759</u>

CENTRAL CONTRA COSTA SANITARY DISTRICT Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

6. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Debt Service Requirements

The 2002 and 1998 Revenue Bonds debt service requirements are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2007	2002 Debt Service Requirement	1998 Debt Service Requirement	Total
2009	\$ 1,271,061	\$ 2,216,178	\$ 3,487,239
2010	1,265,261	2,216,478	3,481,739
2011	1,263,561	2,222,341	3,485,902
2012	1,265,762	2,217,429	3,483,191
2013	1,266,391	2,216,648	3,483,039
2014 - 2018	6,332,714	4,440,595	10,773,309
2019 - 2024	7,617,525	_	7,617,525
Total	20,282,275	15,529,669	35,811,944
Amount representing interest	(6,062,275)	(2,209,669)	(8,271,944)
Principal outstanding	14,220,000	13,320,000	27,540,000
Less: Unamortized deferred loss on refunding year end		(1,027,352)	(1,027,352)
	14,220,000	12,292,648	26,512,648
Short-term portion of revenue bonds	(635,000)	(1,665,000)	(2,300,000)
Long-term portion of revenue bonds	\$ 13,585,000	\$ 10,627,648	\$ 24,212,648

Water Reclamation Loan Contract

The District has entered into a contract with the State of California State Water Resources Control Board (the Board), where the Board advanced to the District \$2,916,872 for design and construction costs for projects related to recycled water treatment programs.

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

6. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Water Reclamation Loan Contract (continued)

The District must repay advances from the Board over a 20-year period beginning March 31, 1999, with an interest rate of 2.60%. Debt service requirements are as follows:

Daht

	Debt
	Service
Years	Requirements
2009	\$ 187,119
2010	187,119
2011	187,119
2012	187,119
2013	187,119
2014 - 2018	935,598
Total	1,871,193
Amount representing interest	(241,943)
	1,629,250
Less: Current portion of Water Reclamation Loan Contract	(144,759)
Long term portion of Water Reclamation Loan Contract	\$ 1,484,491

Local Improvement District Bonds

Within the District's boundaries, there exist several Improvement Districts, which were formed for the sole purpose of financing sewer system improvements. The District has no oversight responsibility for these Districts and is not liable for repayment of any bonds issued to finance these local improvement districts. Contra Costa County acts as the agent for the property owners in these districts in collecting assessments, forwarding collections to bondholders, and initiating foreclosure procedures, if appropriate. The outstanding balance on these bonds was \$100,000 at June 30, 2008.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District joined with other entities to form the California Sanitation Risk Management Authority (CSRMA), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for the member entities. The purpose of CSRMA is to spread the adverse effects of losses among the member entities and to purchase excess insurance as a group, thereby reducing its cost. Through CSRMA, the District purchases property insurance and workers' compensation insurance.

CENTRAL CONTRA COSTA SANITARY DISTRICT Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

7. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Insurance Coverage

The District's insurance coverage is as follows:

Type of Insurance Coverage	of Insurance Coverage Insurer Limits		Self Insured Deductible Per Occurrence
All-Risk Property			
Fire	Public Entity Property Insurance		
	Program (PEPIP)	\$505,541,991	\$ 250,000
Boiler & Machinery	PEPIP		
(Shared Limits per Occurrence)		\$100,000,000	\$ 250,000
Liability			
Errors and Omissions	Insurance Company of the State of		
	Pennsylvania (AIG)	\$ 15,000,000	•
Employment Practices Liability	AIG	\$ 15,000,000	\$ 1,000,000
Employment Practices Liability	Admiral Insurance Company	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 15,000
General Liability	AIG	\$ 15,000,000	\$ 500,000
Auto Liability	AIG	\$ 15,000,000	\$ 500,000
Pollution (General Aggregate)	American International Specialty	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 5,000
General Liability	Lines Insurance Co.		
(Occurrence)			
Pollution (Legal Liability	American International Specialty		
Aggregate) (Claims Made)	Lines Insurance Co	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 50,000
Workers' Compensation	CSRMA	\$ 750,000	-
Excess Workers' Compensation	National Union Fire Insurance		
•	Company (statutory)	\$ 50,000,000	\$ 750,000
Fiduciary Liability	Nation Union Fire Ins. Com	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 5,000

Liability for Uninsured Claims

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) requires state and local governments to record their liability for uninsured claims in their financial statements.

The District's uninsured claims activity and exposure relates primarily to its general and automobile liability program. The District records its estimated liability for uninsured claims in this area based on the results of periodic actuarial evaluations. The actuarial evaluations are typically performed every two years. For intervening years, the liability for uninsured claims is reviewed for adequacy based on claims activity during the intervening period.

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

7. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Liability for Uninsured Claims (continued)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006, settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage. Changes in the District's estimated liability for uninsured claims for fiscal years 2008, 2007, and 2006 are summarized as follows:

	2008		2007	2006
Beginning balance	\$ 629,820	\$	881,500	\$ 881,500
Provisions for claims incurred in the current year and changes in the liability for				
uninsured – claims incurred in prior years	387,095		(208,667)	198,292
Claims and claim adjustment expenses paid	(387,095)		(43,013)	(198,292)
Ending balance	\$ 629,820	_\$_	629,820	\$ 881,500

8. AGREEMENT WITH THE CITY OF CONCORD

In 1974, the District and the City of Concord (the City) entered into a cost-sharing agreement under which the District became responsible for providing sewage treatment facilities and services to the City. Under this agreement, the City pays a service charge for its share of operating, maintenance and administrative costs and makes a contribution for its share of facilities capital costs expended. Service charges and contributions to capital costs from the City totaled \$8,206,860 and \$5,336,273 respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2008.

9. PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

Substantially, all District full-time employees are required to participate in the Contra Costa County Employees' Retirement Association (CCCERA), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee deferred benefit retirement plan (Plan), governed by the County Employee's Retirement Law of 1937, as amended. The latest available actuarial and financial information for the Plan is for the year ended December 31, 2007. The Contra Costa Employees' Retirement Association issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and supplemental information of the Plan. That report is available by writing to Contra Costa County Employees' Retirement Association, 1355 Willow Way, Suite 221, Concord, CA 94520-5728 or calling (925) 521-3960.

The Plan provides for retirement, disability, and death and survivor benefits. Annual cost of living (COL) adjustments to retirement allowances can be granted by the Retirement Board as provided by State statutes. Service retirements are based on age, length of service and final average salary. Subject to vested status, employees can withdraw contributions plus interest credited, or leave them as a deferred retirement when they terminate, or transfer to a reciprocal retirement system.

CENTRAL CONTRA COSTA SANITARY DISTRICT Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

9. PENSION PLAN (continued)

Plan Contribution Requirement

The Plan requires employees to pay one-half of the basic retirement benefit and one-half future COL costs. However, the District has paid the employee's basic contributions in accordance with the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU). The contribution requirement and payment from the District for the plan year ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 was as follows:

	2008	2007	2006
Covered payroll for fiscal years ended June 30	\$ 22,503,704	\$ 21,504,951	\$ 20,687,905
Employer contributions to pension	8,757,705	8,045,860	7,202,912
Employee contributions to pension	892,488	861,387	812,220
Total Contributions	\$ 9,650,193	\$ 8,907,247	\$ 8,014,132

These contributions represented approximately 43%, 41% and 39% of covered payroll for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively, and were equal to the District's required contributions and the employee's basic contributions for each year.

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Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

10. POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

The District provides certain health care and life insurance benefits for retired employees. These benefits are provided for in negotiated employment agreements, commonly referred to as Memorandums of Understanding, which cover substantially all employees who reach normal retirement age while working for the District. These benefits, and similar benefits for active employees, are provided through a health maintenance organization and an insurance company whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The District recognizes the cost of providing those benefits by expensing the annual insurance premiums, which were \$2,167,074 for the 178 eligible retirees for the year ended June 30, 2008.

The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) published Statement 45 in 2004 with an effective date of fiscal year ending June 30, 2009 for the District. Statement 45 requires a minimum expense called the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) equal to the actuarial normal cost plus amortization of the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) over 30 years (or less) as a level percentage of increasing payroll.

An actuarial study was performed by the District as of June 30, 2007. The 2007 study estimated the District's Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) to be \$68,447,956 based on an expected 5% discount rate. The Annual Required Contribution (ARC) is estimated to be \$6,224,478 over a 30 year period.

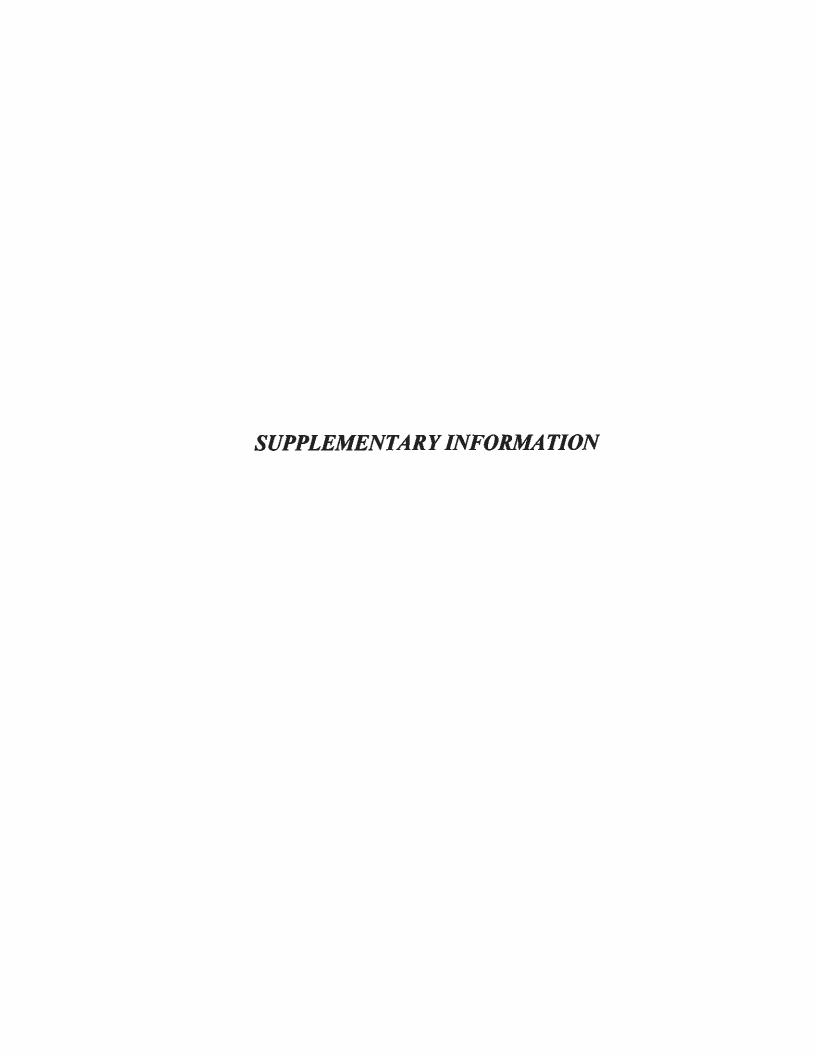
The District set aside \$2,832,926 and \$3,157,887 or \$5,990,813 in 2008 and 2007, respectively, to comply with GASBS No. 45. The District is required to implement GASBS No. 45 by June 30, 2009.

11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation which is likely to have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the District.

Claims and losses are recorded when they are reasonably probable of being incurred and the amount is estimable. Insurance proceeds and settlements are recorded when received.

The District has purchase commitments relating to construction projects at June 30, 2008 of \$38,363,997.



COMBINING SCHEDULE OF STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS AS OF JUNE 30, 2008

	Running	Sewer	Self	Debt	man to at	
ASSETS	Expense	Construction	Insurance	Service	<u>Elimination</u>	Total
Current Assets						
Cash and investments available for operations	756,074	62 172 167	2 727 626			// /// 8//
Accounts receivable	,	62,172,167	3,737,525	-	-	66,665,766
Interest receivable	9,186,003	7,816,240	-	-	-	17,002,243
	70 (04 202	340,273	-	-	-	340,273
Due from other sub-funds	78,624,202	59,087,782	796,553	32,912,108	(171,420,645)	
Parts and supplies	1,612,059	-	-	-	-	1,612,059
Prepaid expenses	652,679	-	-	-		652,679
Total Current Assets	90,831,017	129,416,462	4,534,078	32,912,108	(171,420,645)	86,273,020
Noncurrent Assets						
Restricted cash and investments	100,000	-	-	3,596,773	-	3,696,773
Land, property, plant and equipment, net				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		- ,,
of accumulative depreciation	531,773,075	-	-	-	-	531,773,075
Construction in progress	28,515,814	-	-	-	-	28,515,814
Contractual assessment district receivable		1,394,333	-	_	-	1,394,333
Revenue bond issuance costs		,,				-,07 1,000
net of amortization	-	-	_	228,077	-	228,077
	651,219,906	130,810,795	4,534,078	36,736,958	(171,420,645)	651,881,092
JABILITIES						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,630,198	6,013,439	29,945	_	_	8,673,582
Due to other sub-funds	83,303,286	79,181,826	751,830	8,183,703	(171,420,645)	0,073,302
Interest payable	8,299	77,101,020	731,030	411,357	(171,420,043)	419,656
Current portion of refunding water revenue bonds		_	_	2,300,000	-	2,300,000
Current portion of water reclamation	, -	•	-	2,300,000	-	2,300,000
loan contract	_	_	_	144,759		144,759
Liability for uninsured claims	_	-	629,820	144,737	-	629,820
OPEB employee benefits	5,990,813	•	023,020	-	-	5,990,813
Accrued compensation absences	790,000	-	-	-	-	
Refundable deposits	138,700	173,677	-	-	-	790,000
Total Current Liabilities	92,861,296	85,368,942	1,411,595	11,039,819	(171,420,645)	312,377 19,261,007
		, ,	, ,			,,
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES						
Revenue bonds, net of current portion	•	-	-	24,212,648	-	24,212,648
Accrued compensated absences	5,312,851	-	-	-	-	5,312,851
Water reclamation loan contract						
net of current portion	-	-		1,484,491		1,484,491
Total Liabilities	98,174,147	85,368,942	1,411,595	36,736,958	(171,420,645)	50,270,997
IET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	560,288,889	_	_	(27,913,821)	_	532,375,068
Restricted for debt service	-	_	-	3,185,416	-	3,185,416
Unrestricted	(7,243,130)	45,441,853	3,122,483	24,728,405	-	66,049,611
Total Net Assets	\$ 553,045,759	\$ 45,441,853	\$ 3,122,483	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 601,610,095
- manual is such a sufficiently	Ψ 555,045,757	Ψ 75,17T,055	Ψ 3,144,403		<u> </u>	# 001,010,093

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Running Expense	Sewer Construction	Self Insurance	Debt Service	Elimination	Total
Operating Revenues						
Sewer Service Charges (SSC)	\$ 40,207,157	\$ -	s -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 40,207,157
Service charges - City of Concord	8,206,860		_			8,206,860
Other service charges	869,589		_	_	_	869,589
Miscellaneous charges	595,980	•	-	-	-	595,980
•						373,700
Total operating revenues	49,879,586					49,879,586
Operating Expenses						
Sewage collection and pumping stations	10,905,468	-	_	_	_	10,905,468
Sewage treatment	22,054,203	-	-	-		22,054,203
Engineering	6,332,830		_	-		6,332,830
Administrative and general	15,828,965		916,639	-	(1,131,643)	15,613,961
Depreciation	18,615,747	_	-	_	•	18,615,747
Total operating expenses	73,737,213		916,639		(1,131,643)	73,522,209
Operating Loss	(23,857,627)		(916,639)	-	1,131,643	(23,642,623)
N 0 1 5 7 7 7						
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):						
Taxes	-	8,502,204	-	3,751,964	-	12,254,168
City of Concord cash contributions to capital						
costs	-	5,336,273	-	-	-	5,336,273
Customer cash contributions to capital cost						
(SSC)	-	9,634,364	-	-	•	9,634,364
Permit and inspection fees	981,557	353,603	-		•	1,335,160
Interest earnings	741,038	1,509,802	159,503	117,278	•	2,527,621
Interest expense			-	(1,518,142)	•	(1,518,142)
Other income (expense)	534,643	709,174	1,131,643		(1,131,643)	1,243,817
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	2,257,238	26,045,420	1,291,146	2,351,100	(1,131,643)	30,813,261
Income (loss) before contributions and						
transfers	(21,600,389)	26,045,420	374,507	2,351,100	-	7,170,638
Contributed sewer lines	1,444,420		_	-	_	1,444,420
Capital contributions - connection fees		9,259,160	-	_		9,259,160
Transfers	34,201,858	(31,850,758)		(2,351,100)		
Change in Net Assets	14,045,889	2 452 022	274 507			15.05.010
Total Net Assets - Beginning		3,453,822	374,507	-	•	17,874,218
Total Net Assets - Beginning Total Net Assets - Ending	\$ 553,045,759	41,988,031	2,747,976		-	583,735,877
rotal ret 255ers - Didnig	# 333,043,739	\$ 45,441,853	\$ 3,122,483	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	\$ 601,610,095

CENTRAL CONTRA COSTA SANITARY DISTRICT Schedule of Running Expenses Comparison of Budget and Actual Expenses by Department June 30, 2008

	Sewage Collection	Pumping Stations	88 88	Sewage Treatment Plant	Engineering	Administrative and General		Total		Budget	Var Fav	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Salaries and Wages	\$ 3,885,189	\$ 936,940	940 \$	7,399,532	\$ 4,665,034	4,090,622	S	20,977,317	₩.	21,108,578	s,	131,261
Employee Benefits	2,605,926	598,292	292	4,881,108	2,876,191	8,350,264		19,311,781		18,550,711		(761,070)
Directors' Fees and Expense	•			•	•	75,314		75,314		76,790		1,476
Chemicals	1	339,03	039	1,096,695	•	1		1,435,734		1,390,000		(45,734)
Professional and Legal Services	2,190			2,633	126,128	393,197		524,148		516,420		(7,728)
Outside Services	101,118	29,932	932	405,013	526,638	1,026,809		2,089,510		2,290,550		201,040
Hauling and Disposal	48,932	7,	7,377	350,015	471,561	•		877,885		1,022,310		144,425
Repairs and Maintenance	599,749	246,406	406	1,777,534	86,379	275,602		2,985,670		3,365,371		379,701
Materials and Supplies	727,428	64,942	942	621,175	177,271	138,147		1,728,963		1,796,530		67,567
Utilities	770,79	448,763	763	5,061,779	51,523	129,001		5,788,143		5,951,860		163,717
Other	175,157	28,154	154	545,653	167,339	1,387,324		2,303,627		2,364,766		61,139
Less Capitalized Overhead and Benefits	(23,003)	(14,	(14,140)	(86,934)	(2,815,234)	(37,315)		(2,976,626)		(3,206,851)		(230,225)
	8,219,763	2,685,705	705	22,054,203	6,332,830	\$ 15,828,965	€9	55,121,466	₩	55,227,035	₩.	105,569

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

Running Expense Schedule of Supplemental Net Assets Analysis June 30, 2008

Prior Year Balance		\$	9,767,747
2007 - 2008 Revenue	\$ 52,136,824		
2007 - 2008 Expense	(73,737,213)		
Add Back Depreciation Expense	18,615,747	_	(2,984,642)
Net Assets Attributed to General Operations			6,783,105
All Other Net Assets			546,262,654
Running Expense Net Assets		\$	553,045,759

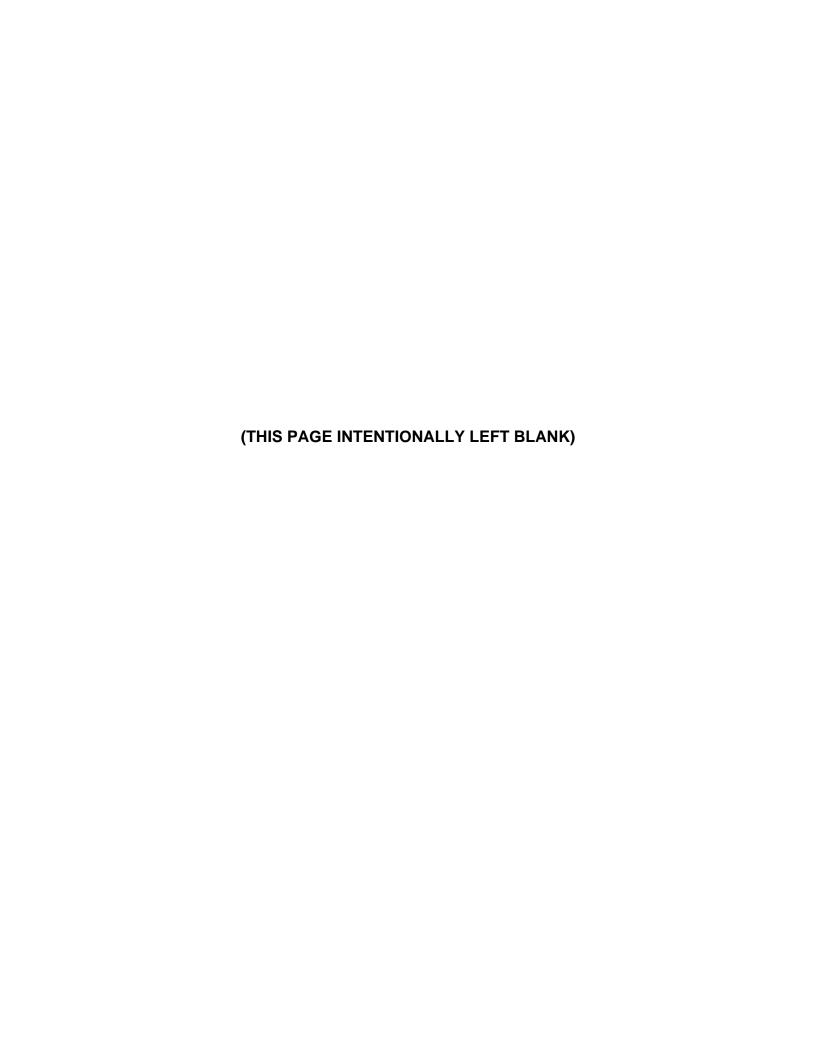
Statistical Section



Central Contra Costa Sanitary District Statistical Section Table of Contents

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance has changed over time. Changes is Net Assets and Statement of Net Assets -	
Last Six Fiscal YearsS Revenue by Type - Last Ten Fiscal YearsS Operating Expenses by Type - Last Ten Fiscal YearsS	S-2
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant revenue sources.	
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Sewer Service Charge - List of Ten Largest Customers - Last Six Fiscal YearsS	S-5
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Debt Capacity This schedule contains information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future. Summary of Debt Service - Type, Debt Service Coverage, Debt Ratio - Last Ten Fiscal Years	3-7
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Full-time Equivalent Employees by Department - Last Ten Fiscal YearsS- Number of Retirees and Surviving Spouses - Last Ten Fiscal YearsS- Capital Asset and Operating Statistics - Last Ten Calendar or Fiscal YearsS- Miscellaneous Statistics	-10 -11

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The District implemented GASB Statement 34 in the 2002-2003 fiscal year; schedules presented include information beginning in that year.

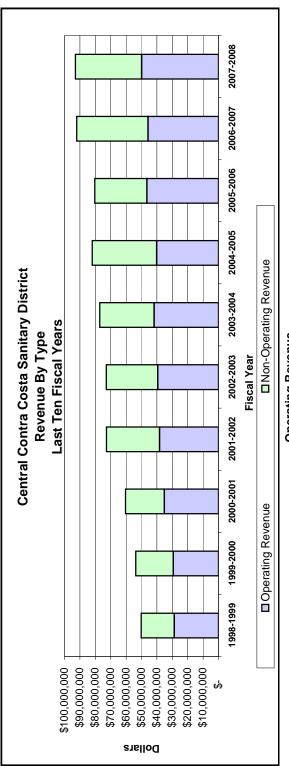


Central Contra Costa Sanitary District Changes in Net Assets and Statement of Net Assets

Last Six Fiscal Years

Changes in Net Assets	200	2007-2008	2006-2007	2005-2006		2004-2005	2003-2004]	2002-2003
Operating Revenues: Sewer Service Charges (SSC) City of Concord Other Service Charges	& 4	40,207,157 8,206,860 869,589	\$ 35,057,668 9,043,215 793,395	\$ 37,781,774 7,383,011 755,827	74 \$ 11	32,282,806 6,603,000 672,887	\$ 33,935,899 6,609,602 648,617	\$ \$ 2 2 \$	31,967,101 6,321,452 633,037
Miscellaneous Charges Total Operating Revenue	4	595,980 49,879,586	863,843 45,758,121	517,741 46,438,353	41 53	612,851 40,171,544	560,454 41,754,572	4 2	506,812 39,428,402
Operating Expenses: Salaries & Benefits	က	37,312,472	34,678,665	29,875,340	40	27,989,401	28,095,636	ω	24,919,820
Chemicals, Utilities & Supplies		8,952,840	8,759,490	7,646,866	99	6,801,750	5,808,070	0	5,735,379
Professional & Outside Services Hauling, Disposal, Repairs & Maintenance		2,613,658 3,863,555	2,298,712 4.105.082	2,850,825	25 65	2,350,387 3.716.176	2,282,408 3.871.749	ന ന	2,084,830 3.557.171
Self-Insurance (net of transfers)		(215,004)	(180,716)	629,513	13	1,189,693	464,702	. 0	407,007
Depreciation	_	18,615,747 2 378 941	17,714,714 2 144 082	16,354,488	88	16,041,555	15,186,594 1 267 809	4 0	14,527,871
Total Operating Expenses	7	73,522,209	69,520,029	62,514,143	43	59,526,234	56,976,968	ا ا	52,475,423
Operating Loss	(2	(23,642,623)	(23,761,908)	(16,075,790)	(06	(19,354,690)	(15,222,396)	(9	(13,047,021)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): Property Taxes	~	12,254,168	11,762,731	4,836,301	01	4.010.380	8,919,327	_	8,801,230
Customer Contributions	_	14,970,637	15,945,915	9,862,620	20	14,716,585	10,187,725	Ю	7,833,641
Connection & Other Fees		1,335,160	1,615,308	2,062,216	16	4,265,620	2,936,298	œ	1,479,870
Interest Income	`	2,527,621	3,257,773	2,465,985	85	1,519,192	831,215	i ما	925,509
Interest Expense All Other		(1,518,142) 1,243,817	(1,609,104) 1,316,383	(1,694,304) 1,096,401	04) 01	(1,7,5,857) 1,109,716	(1,101,115) 1,467,877	(° /	(1,153,349) 1,076,654
Total Non-Operating	င	30,813,261	32,289,006	18,629,219	19	23,845,636	23,241,327		18,963,555
Income Before Contributions and Transfers		7,170,638	8,527,098	2,553,429	29	4,490,946	8,018,931	_	5,916,534
Contributed Sewer Lines		1,444,420	3,521,704	3,044,945	45	5,530,848	4,410,808	œ	7,818,537
Capital Contributions - Connection Fees		9,259,160	8,917,658	10,496,898	88	10,728,717	6,585,984	4	5,530,064
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	_	17,874,218	20,966,460	16,095,272	72	20,750,511	19,015,723	8	19,265,135
Total Net Assets - Beginning	28	583,735,877	562,769,417	546,674,145	45	525,923,634	506,907,911	-l	487,642,776
Total Net Assets - Ending	09	601,610,095	583,735,877	562,769,417	17	546,674,145	525,923,634	4	506,907,911
Statement of Net Assets		2007-2008	2006-2007	7	l I	2004-2005	7		2002-2003
Investments in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$ 23	2,375,068	\$ 513,580,658	\$ 486,098,303	03 \$	469,375,715	\$ 453,251,761	- - ∠	443,350,151
Nestricted To Debt 3et vice Unrestricted	9	66,049,611	3,219,193 66,939,056	7	357	74,179,726	69,635,929	+ თ	59,073,218
Total Net Assets	09	601,610,095	583,735,877	562,769,417	117	546,674,145	525,923,634		506,907,911

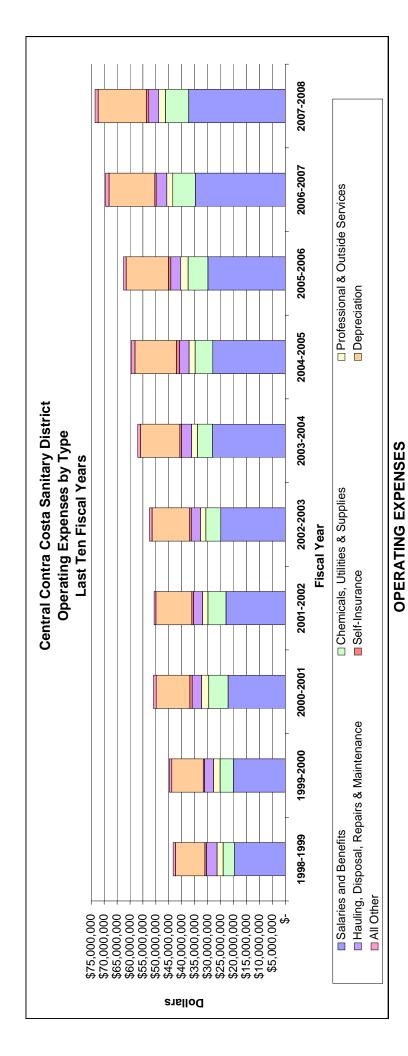
The District implemented GASB 34 in the 2002-2003 fiscal year, one year earlier than required. Source: Central Contra Costa Sanitary District Audited Financial Statements



		Operating Revenue	je Je		
Fiscal	Sewer Service	City of	Other Service	Miscellaneous	Total
Year	Charges*	Concord	Charges	Charges	Operating
1998-1999	\$ 23,063,532 \$	4,786,407	\$ 661,168	\$ 229,851	\$ 28,740,958
1999-2000	23,165,616	5,342,002	446,168		29,263,321
2000-2001	27,613,157	6,610,774	601,270	345,295	35,170,496
2001-2002	31,228,855	5,897,008	617,768	508,916	38,252,547
2002-2003	31,967,101	6,321,452	633,037	506,812	39,428,402
2003-2004	33,935,899	6,609,605	648,617	560,454	41,754,572
2004-2005	32,282,806	6,603,000	672,887	612,851	40,171,544
2005-2006	37,781,774	7,383,011	755,827	517,741	46,438,353
2006-2007	35,057,668	9,043,215	793,395	863,843	45,758,121
2007-2008	40,207,157	8,206,860	869,589	595,980	49,879,586
	N	Line Caniton and and I			

Fiscal	Property	Customer	Connection		All	Total
Year	Taxes	Contributions *1	& Other Fees	Interest	Other	Non-Operating
1998-1999	\$ 6,169,390	\$ 6,556,005	\$ 5,415,272 \$	3,127,827 \$	158,844	\$ 21,427,338
1999-2000	6,684,949	8,733,886	5,786,188	2,921,648	330,623	24,457,294
2000-2001	7,238,662	9,636,912	5,004,261	2,979,749	408,120	25,267,704
2001-2002	7,551,581	19,006,658	5,385,527	1,498,751	1,032,527	34,475,044
2002-2003	8,801,230	15,652,178	7,009,934	925,509	1,076,654	33,465,505
2003-2004	8,919,327	14,598,533	9,522,282	831,215	1,467,877	35,339,234
2004-2005	4,010,380	20,247,433	14,994,337	1,519,192	1,109,716	41,881,058
2005-2006	4,836,301	12,907,565	12,559,114	2,465,985	1,096,401	33,865,366
2006-2007	11,762,731	19,467,619	10,532,966	3,257,773	1,316,383	46,337,472
2007-2008	12,254,168	16,415,057	10,594,320	2,527,621	1,243,817	43,034,983

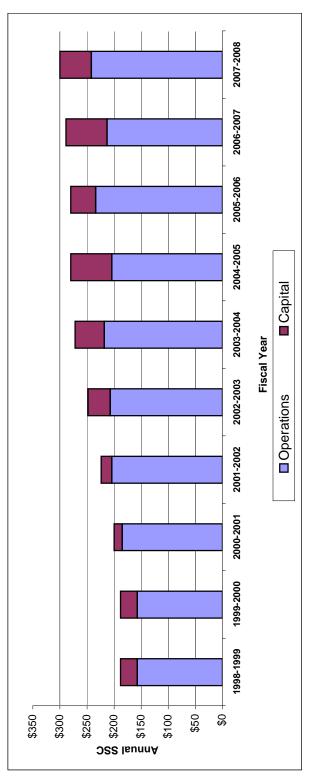
Sewer Service Charge (SSC) represents the Running Expense Fund portion of SSC County collections along with District direct billings and counter collections.
 *1 Customer Contributions also include the portion of SSC that is allocated to Sewer Construction Fund and City of Concord reimbursement of capital costs.
 Beginning in 2000-2001, due to changes in GASB 33 reporting requirements developer contributed sewer lines are also included.
 Source: Central Contra Costa Sanitary District Audited Financial Statements



Non-Operating	Expenses	1,301,200	1,304,980	1,250,588	1,202,782	1,153,349	1,101,115	1,775,857	1,694,304	1,609,104	1,518,142	Informational - not graphed
-uoN	Ex	↔										Informations
Total Operating	Expenses	43,334,601	44,851,452	50,946,516	50,701,081	52,475,423	56,976,968	59,526,234	62,514,143	69,520,029	73,522,209	
Ч	Other	\$ 920,080 \$ 43,334,601	1,034,683	1,085,888	745,605	1,018,345	1,042,809	1,437,272	1,080,946	1,444,082	1,247,298	
Depreciation		644,371 \$ 11,345,155 \$	12,157,975	13,004,018	13,833,124	14,527,871	15,186,594	16,041,555	16,354,488	17,714,714	18,615,747	
Self-Insurance		644,371 \$	419,312	924,242	677,159	632,007	689,702	1,189,693	879,513	519,284	916,639	
Hauling, Disposal,	Repairs & Maintenance	\$ 4,115,527 \$	3,513,754	3,621,826	3,476,325	3,557,171	3,871,749	3,716,176	3,826,165	4,105,082	3,863,555	
Professional &	Outside Services	2,345,887	2,560,175	2,762,603	2,110,886	2,084,830	2,282,408	2,350,387	2,850,825	2,298,712	2,613,658	
Chemicals, Utilities	& Supplies	\$ 4,399,152 \$	5,130,743	7,496,028	7,009,868	5,735,379	5,808,070	6,801,750	7,646,866	8,759,490	8,952,840	
Salaries	and Benefits	\$ 19,564,429	20,034,810	22,051,911	22,848,114	24,919,820	28,095,636	27,989,401	29,875,340	34,678,665	37,312,472	
Fiscal	Year	1998-1999	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002	2002-2003	2003-2004	2004-2005	2005-2006	2006-2007	2007-2008	

Source: Central Contra Costa Sanitary District Audited Financial Statements

Central Contra Costa Sanitary District Major Revenue Base and Rates **Historical and Current Fees** Last Ten Fiscal Years



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				racility	ב ב ב
	erations	Capital	Total	Capacity Fee *2	Zone Fee *3
0000	\$157	\$31	\$188	\$2,572	\$348
0007-8881	157	31	188	2,572	348
2000-2001	185	15	200	2,572	348
2001-2002	204	20	224	3,360	710
2002-2003	207	41	248	3,360	710
2003-2004	218	54	272	3,983	988
2004-2005	204	92	280	3,983	988
2005-2006	234	46	280	4,150	1,331
2006-2007	213	92	289	4,263	1,404
2007-2008	242	58	300	4,524	1,466

^{*1} All residential accounts pay a flat annual sewer service charge shown above per household. The charge for commercial users consists of an annual rate based on a measured volume of water usage per 100 cubic feet (HCF).

^{*2} New users who are connected to the Wastewater System are charged Capital Improvement Fees called Facility Capacity Fees. (Fee is per connection.)

^{*3} New customers in areas where wastewater pumping stations are needed to reach the District's gravity fed sewers are charged a Pump Zone Fee. (Fee is per connection.)

Central Contra Costa Sanitary District Sewer Service Charge List Of Ten Largest Customers Last Six Fiscal Years

	2007	2007-2008		2006	2006-2007		2005	2005 - 2006		2004	2004 - 2005		2003	2003 - 2004	4	2002	2002 - 2003	3
	Operation	ш	Percentage of Operation	Operating	ш	Percentage of Operating	Operating	Ь	Percentage of	Operating	Ф	Percentage of Operation	Operating		Percentage of	Operating	_	Percentage of Onerating
Ratepayer		Rank	Revenue	Revenue	Rank	Revenue		Rank	Revenue		Rank	Revenue	Revenue	Rank	Revenue	Revenue	Rank	Revenue
City of Concord*	\$ 8,206,860	_	16.45%	\$ 9,043,215	_	19.76%	\$ 7,383,011	-	15.90%	\$ 6,603,000	_	16.44%	\$ 6,609,602	_	15.83%	\$ 6,321,452	_	16.03%
Contra Costa County General Services	316,854	7	0.64%	322,351	7	0.70%	295,173	7	0.64%	294,670	7	0.73%	250,442	က	%09.0	222,619	7	0.56%
First Walnut Creek Mutual	316,200	က	0.63%	304,606	က	%29.0	295,120	က	0.64%	266,000	က	%99.0	258,400	7	0.62%	206,246	က	0.52%
Park Regency	267,600	4	0.54%	257,788	4	0.56%	249,760	4	0.54%	249,760	4	0.62%	242,624	4	0.58%	197,408	4	0.50%
Second Walnut Creek Mutual	225,000	2	0.45%	216,750	2	0.47%	210,000	2	0.45%	210,000	2	0.52%	204,000	2	0.49%	158,224	2	0.40%
John Muir Health	223,775	9	0.45%	121,613	10													
Sun Valley Mall	183,380	7	0.37%	176,293	9	0.39%	169,916	9	0.37%	158,077	9	0.39%	145,169	9	0.35%	138,993	9	0.35%
ArchstoneTreat Commons Apartments	153,000	∞	0.31%	147,390	7	0.32%	142,800	7	0.31%	142,800	7	0.36%	138,720	7	0.33%	126,480	7	0.32%
St. Mary's College Contract	136,016	တ	0.27%	127,355	6	0.28%	117,119	10	0.25%				97,670	10	0.23%	106,497	∞	0.27%
Kaiser Foundation Hospital	118,809	9	0.24%				126,904	တ	0.27%	100,976	10	0.25%	•			•		
Willows Shopping Center				128,303	ω	0.28%				120,459	6	0.30%	111,822	6	0.27%	103,321	6	0.26%
Reflections San Ramon Apartments**							139,062	∞	0.30%	139,062	œ	0.35%	134,912	∞	0.32%	•		
Canyon Point Condominiums				•						•			•			86,304	10	0.22%
		ļ	ĺ		J			J			ļ			,			J	
-	0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		20.040	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		22 440/	4 0 400 065		70 6697	0 00 0		70.629,	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		40.620/	A 7 667 644		40.459/
lotal	\$ 10,147,494	II.	20.34%	\$ 10,645,004	11	23.44%	9,120,000	II	19.00%	\$ 6,264,604	II	Z0.0Z%	\$ 6,193,301	"	19.02%	\$ 7,007,04	!!	19.45%

The District implemented GASB 34 in the 2002-2003 fiscal year, one year earlier than required.

Source: Central Contra Costa Sanitary District Environmental Services Division

Contract with the City of Concord to treat and dispose of wastewater for Concord and Clayton.
 Converted to condominiums during 2006-2007 fiscal year.

Central Contra Costa Sanitary District Assessed and Estimated Actual Valuation of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

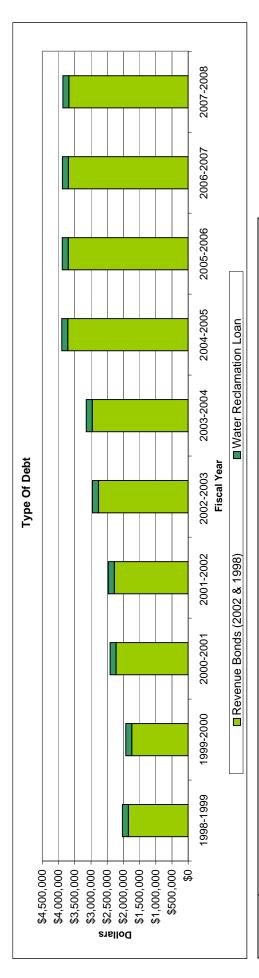
% Change	6.1%	7.4%	8.7%	2.8%	7.4%	8.2%	7.7%	9.7%	10.3%	8.0%
Total	\$ 33,634,191,087	36,114,439,393	39,254,818,738	41,541,715,355	44,607,478,163	48,267,989,902	51,994,082,194	57,049,848,638	62,942,589,381	67,999,923,850
Unsecured	\$ 1,119,407,570	1,140,492,514	1,225,608,154	1,375,049,056	1,434,598,034	1,446,650,234	1,416,240,351	1,463,536,750	1,533,076,135	1,583,187,663
Local Secured	\$ 32,514,783,517	34,973,946,879	38,029,210,584	40,166,666,299	43,172,880,129	46,821,339,668	50,577,841,843	55,586,311,888	61,409,513,246	66,416,736,187
Fiscal Year	1998-1999	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002	2002-2003	2003-2004	2004-2005	2005-2006	2006-2007	2007-2008

Property Tax and Sewer Service Charge Fees Levied and Collected Last Ten Fiscal Years

	% Change	2.1%	0.3%	8.0%	15.0%	11.4%	10.7%	4.4%	2.2%	2.5%	4.7%
Sewer Service Charges*	Levied & Collected	26,984,372	27,078,595	29,253,537	33,650,005	37,479,440	41,499,031	43,327,756	44,261,318	46,694,671	48,883,932
Sewer S	Levie	↔									
	% Change	6.7%	7.5%	7.5%	9.3%	7.1%	6.5%	-55.3%	20.6%	144.2%	2.0%
Property Tax*	Levied & Collected	6,254,229	6,723,957	7,228,881	7,901,161	8,460,674	9,013,484	4,027,427	4,856,758	11,860,961	12,092,637
Ā	Levie	↔									
	Fiscal Year	1998-1999	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002	2002-2003	2003-2004	2004-2005	2005-2006	2006-2007	2007-2008

apportionment called the Teeter Plan. The Teeter Plan as provided in Section 4701 et seq. of the State Revenue and Taxation Code, * General County taxes collected are the same as the amount levied since the County participates in California's alternative method of establishes a mechanism for the County to advance the full amount of property tax and other levies to taxing agencies based on the tax levy, rather than on the basis of actual tax collections. Although this system is a simpler method to administer, the County assumes the risk of delinquencies. The County in return retains the penalties and accrued interest thereon.

Central Contra Costa Sanitary District Summary Of Debt Service Last Ten Fiscal Years



			Debt Restrictions:		Revenue Pledge & Covenant:	The District pledges Property Tax	Revenue along with its ability to	raise Sewer Service Charge (SSC)	rates. Debt Coverage requirements	are discussed in the footnotes below.			
	в	Total	Debt Service	\$ 2,027,868	1,925,834	2,411,359	2,465,526	2,952,930	3,145,858	3,901,491	3,888,334	3,881,619	3,869,232
	Total Debt Service		Interest	\$ 1,053,674	1,085,934	1,048,472	1,059,574	1,498,833	1,643,535	1,775,857	1,694,304	1,609,104	1,518,142
	To		Principal	\$ 974,194	839,900	1,362,887	1,405,952	1,454,097	1,502,323	2,125,634	2,194,030	2,272,515	2,351,090
e Of Debt	Loan	Total	Debt Service	\$ 187,119	187,119	187,119	187,119	187,119	187,119	187,119	187,119	187,119	187,119
ummary By Type Of Debt	er Reclamation Loan		Interest	\$ 47,925	72,219	69,232	66,167	63,022	96,796	56,485	53,089	49,604	46,029
S	Wat		Principal	\$ 139,194	114,900	117,887	120,952	124,097	127,323	130,634	134,030	137,515	141,090
	2 & 1998)	Total	Debt Service	\$ 1,840,749	1,738,715	2,224,240	2,278,407	2,765,811	2,958,739	3,714,372	3,701,215	3,694,500	3,682,113
	Revenue Bonds (2002 & 1998)		Interest	\$ 1,005,749	1,013,715	979,240	993,407	1,435,811	1,583,739	1,719,372	1,641,215	1,559,500	1,472,113
	Reven		Principal	\$ 835,000	725,000	1,245,000	1,285,000	1,330,000	1,375,000	1,995,000	2,060,000	2,135,000	2,210,000
		Fiscal	Year	1998-1999	1999-2000	2000-2001	2001-2002	2002-2003	2003-2004	2004-2005	2005-2006	2006-2007	2007-2008

				Debt	t Service Coverage Summary	ge Summary				De	Debt Ratio Summary	nary
	Total		Total Operating Non-Operating	Non-Operating		Debt Service	Capital		Debt Service	Debt to	Sewer Service Cost of Debt	Cost of Debt
Fiscal	Debt	Operating	Expenses less	Revenue &	Net	Coverage	Improvement	Adjusted Net	Coverage	Expense	Equivalent	Per Equivalent
Year	Service	Revenue	Depreciation	Contributions	Revenue *1	(Net Revenue) *2	Fees/Concord	Revenue*3	(Adj. Net Revenue)*4	Ratio	Units*5	Unit
1998-1999	\$ 2,027,868	\$ 2,027,868 \$28,740,958 \$		31,989,446 \$ 21,427,338	\$ 18,178,850	8.96	\$ 6,457,432	\$ 11,721,418	5.78	6.34%	146,891	\$ 13.81
1999-2000	1,925,834	29,263,321	32,693,477	24,457,294	21,027,138	10.92	8,867,213	12,159,925	6.31	2.89%	147,552	13.05
2000-2001	2,411,359	35,170,496	37,942,498	25,267,704	22,495,702	9.33	7,927,822	14,567,880	6.04	6.36%	149,245	16.16
2001-2002	2,465,526	38,252,547	36,867,957	34,475,044	35,859,634	14.54	5,753,738	30,105,896	12.21	%69.9	153,073	16.11
2002-2003	2,952,930	39,428,402	37,947,552	33,465,505	34,946,355	11.83	7,023,589	27,922,766	9.46	7.78%	154,420	19.12
2003-2004	3,145,858	41,754,572	41,790,374	35,339,234	35,303,432	11.22	8,370,344	26,933,088	8.56	7.53%	155,669	20.21
2004-2005	3,901,491	40,171,544	43,484,679	41,881,058	38,567,923	9.89	13,351,448	25,216,475	97.9	8.97%	158,249	24.65
2005-2006	3,888,334	46,438,353	46,159,655	33,865,366	34,144,064	8.78	12,931,577	21,212,487	5.46	8.42%	161,461	24.08
2006-2007	3,881,619	45,758,121	51,805,315	46,337,472	40,290,278	10.38	12,353,170	27,937,108	7.20	7.49%	164,582	23.58
2007-2008	3,869,232	49,879,586	54,906,462	43,034,983	38,008,107	9.82	14,595,433	23,412,674	6.05	7.05%	166,145	23.29

^{*1} Net Revenue = Operating Revenue less Total Operating Expenses less Depreciation plus Non-Operating Revenue & Contributions.

^{*2} This ratio must be above 1.00 to meet the Debt Rate Covenant (Net Revenue/Total Debt Service).

^{*3} Adjusted Net Revenue = Net Revenue less Capital Improvement Fees (Connection Fees) and City of Concord Capital Charges.
*4 This ratio must be above 1.25 to meet the Debt Rate Covenant (Adjusted Net Revenue/Total Debt Service).

^{*5} Number of connections to the sewer system. Commercial customers based on water consumption, averaged using the residential fixed rate (SSC/O&M SSC Rate).

Central Contra Costa Sanitary District **Demographic and Economic Data** Population Served Last Ten Calendar Years

, Jge	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
% Change										
Total Served	416,390	420,470	426,380	428,000	438,575	439,825	444,208	445,000	448,700	451 900
Concord/ Clayton	125,610	126,300	135,150	134,920	135,900	135,845	135,780	135,400	134,300	134 560
Inside District Boundaries	290,780	294,170	291,230	293,080	302,675	303,980	308,428	309,600	314,400	317 340
As Of January 1	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008

Source: Central Contra Costa Sanitary District Environmental Services Division

List of Ten Largest Employers in Contra Costa County Last Year and Nine Years Ago

		2007			1998	
	Estimated	0`	% of Total County	Estimated	0`	% of Total County
Employers	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Chevron Texaco Corporation	7,100	_	1.3%	2,900	က	0.7%
Kaiser Permanente	2,000	7	1.0%	4,500	7	1.0%
AT&T	3,150	က	%9.0	•		
Kaiser Foundation Hospital	2,300	4	0.5%	2,000	4	0.4%
John Muir Medical Center	1,900	2	0.4%	1,900	2	0.4%
John Muir Mt. Diablo Medical Center	1,500	9	0.3%	1,500	9	0.3%
24 Hour Fitness	1,200	7	0.2%	•		
Bio-Rad Laboratories	1,100	∞	0.2%	1,050	∞	0.2%
Doctors Medical Center	1,000	6	0.2%	1,000	6	0.2%
USS Posco Industries	975	10	0.2%	1,000	10	0.2%
Bank of America - Systems Engineering	•		•	5,000	_	1.1%
Tosco Refining	•			1,200	7	0.3%
All Others	489,925		95.1%	427,000	ļ	95.2%
	515,150		100.0%	449,050		100.0%

Source: County of Contra Costa, California, Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for 6/30/07, Statistical Section, excludes government employers.

Central Contra Costa Sanitary District Demographic and Economic Statistics Contra Costa County Last Ten Fiscal Years

Average Unemployment Rate**	3.1%	3.5%	4.1%	2.7%	6.1%	5.4%	4.9%	4.3%	4.7%	A/N
Per Capita Personal Income*	39,623	44,491	44,696	44,062	44,571	47,672	50,215	52,730	A/N	√Z
Personal Income*	37,126,251	42,417,859	43,472,330	43,304,580	44,177,166	47,550,512	50,471,711	53,224,116	A/N	A/N
Population*	936,983	953,407	972,630	982,813	991,153	997,456	1,005,106	1,009,371	Y/N	A/N
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008

N/A - Information not available at this time.

^{*} U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, updated estimates as of April 2008.

^{**} State of California, Employment Development Department (EDD), annual calendar figure.

Central Contra Costa Sanitary District Full-time Equivalent Employees by Department Last Ten Fiscal Years

Full-time Equivalent Employees as of June 30

<u>Department</u>	1999	<u>2000</u>	2001	2002	<u>2003</u>	2004	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>
Administration	39	43	42	42	43	42	43	42	42	45
Engineering	62	64	29	29	20	7.1	92	73	75	9/
Operations Collection Systems	40	43	4	42	44	45	46	49	50	20
Plant	79	77	79	81	82	82	81	88	83	<i>LL</i>
Pumping Station	7	7	7	7	8	6	6	6	10	11
Operations Total	126	127	127	130	134	136	136	146	143	138
District Total	227	234	236	239	247	249	255	261	260	259
		Numb	er of Retiree L	es and Surviving Spous ast Ten Fiscal Years	Number of Retirees and Surviving Spouses as of June 30 Last Ten Fiscal Years	s as of June	30			
District Total	131	144	150	156	159	163	167	167	177	178

Central Contra Costa Sanitary District Capital Asset and Operating Statistics Last Ten Calendar or Fiscal Years

					M	lillions of Gallons per Day (mgd)	ns per Day (mgd)			
Treatment Plant	Year	2007		2002				2001	2000	1999	1998
Treatment Plant Permited Capacity	Calendar	53.8	53.8	53.8	53.8	53.8	53.8		45.0	45.0	45.0
Average Dry Weather Flow (ADWF)	Calendar	38.6		41.4				38.4	40.8	39.6	42.0
Wastewater Treated per day	Calendar	41.2		48.0					45.5	44.4	51.0
						Tone ner Year	ř				
						2	3				
Sludge to Furnace (Dry)*1	Fiscal	15,340	15,341	15,841	16,727	16,053	16,318	16,881	16,076	15,847	15,041
Ash to Reuse Site (Wet)*2	Fiscal	4,418	4,418	5,074	5,397	5,384	5,235	5,226	4,781	5,353	4,184

^{*1} In the multi-hearth fumace, the wet sludge is converted to dry ash. Water is added to the dry ash as it is loaded into trucks (ratio of 60 percent ash to 40 percent water) to prevent the ash from blowing out of the truck during transport.

^{*2} Wet sludge, which at 22 to 28 percent solids, is pumped to the multiple-hearth furnace for incineration. The table above shows the dry tons per year of sludge to the furnace, excluding the 72 to 78 percent water in the wet sludge.

Collection Systems/Pumping Stations/Outfall Sewers						Other Data					
Pipeline Miles	Calendar	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,391	1,376	1,361
Number of pumping stations	Calendar	18	18	18	22	21	23	22	22	21	21
Recycled Water Recycled Water Produced per day Number of Recycled Water Customers	Calendar Calendar	1.6 mgd 30	1.6 mgd 1.6 mgd 30 30	1.5 mgd 24	1.5 mgd 23	1.4 mgd 21	1.5 mgd 20	1.5 mgd 20	1.4 mgd 19	1.3 mgd 13	1.1 mgd 11
Household Hazardous Waste (HHW) - Inception 1997/1998 Residential Participation (Number of cars) Percentage of Households in Service Area	Fiscal	26, ⁴ 13	23,992	22,8		22,359	19,2	17,3	15,6	7	9,536 5.2%
Operating Cost per Car Pounds of HHW per Car	Fiscal Fiscal	* 71	\$ 80	65	64 64	\$ 71	4 60	/9 \$	e //	φ C / 20	_
Miscellaneous Statistics											
Governing Body:	Elected 5	-Member Bo	Elected 5-Member Board of Directors	ors							
Governmental Structure:	Established	ed in 1946 un	in 1946 under the Sanitary District Act of 1923	ary District A	ct of 1923						
Staff:	259 full-time	ne equivalen	equivalent employees								
Authority:	California	Health and S	California Health and Safety Code Section 4700 et. Seq.	Section 4700	et. Seq.						
Services:	Wastewater coll Household Haza Recycled Water	er collection, d Hazardous Water	Wastewater collection, treatment, and disposal Household Hazardous Waste Facility Recycled Water	nd disposal ty							
Type Of Treatment:	Discharge	- Secondary	Discharge - Secondary; Reclamation - Tertiary	n - Tertiary							
Service Area:	142 square	e miles									
Total Population Served:	451,900										
Sewer Service Charge:	\$300 ann	ually per resi	\$300 annually per residential equivalent unit	alent unit							

